



Technical Guide

SV-DA200 Series AC Servo Drive

——EtherCAT

INVT INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.

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Contents

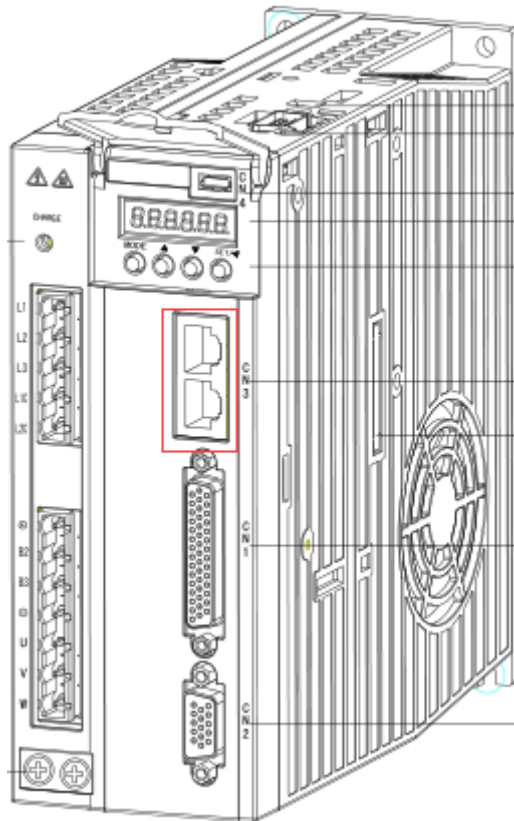
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1 Hardware configuration

1.1 Terminal wiring

The EtherCAT communication card of SV-DA200 servo drive adopts the external connection mode. The front view of the communication card is shown as below. CN3 terminal is the connection terminal of EtherCAT. The line connecting mode of CN3 terminal is top-in and bottom-out.



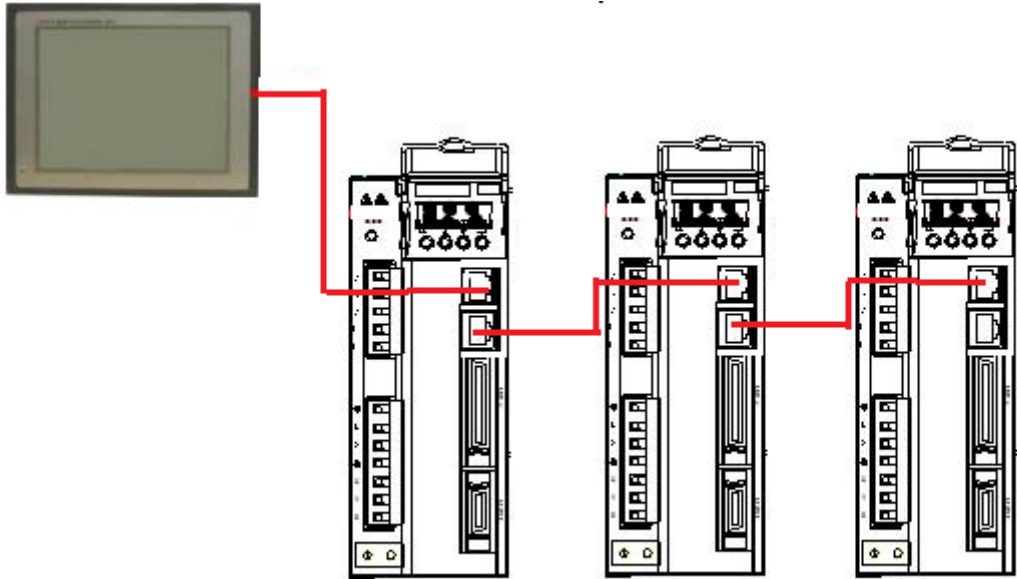
Pin assignment of RJ45 connectors

| Pin no. | Signal name | Abbreviation | Signal direction |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1 | Send data+ | TD+ | Output |
| 2 | Send data- | TD- | Output |
| 3 | Receive data+ | RD+ | Input |
| 4 | - | NC* | - |
| 5 | - | NC | - |
| 6 | Receive data- | RD- | Input |
| 7 | - | NC | - |
| 8 | - | NC | - |
| Enclosure | Protection ground | FG | - |

*: NC is unused.

1.2 Drive wiring

EtherCAT network is normally comprised of one master (IPC or CNC) and multiple slaves (servo drive or bus extension terminal). Each EtherCAT slave carries two standard Ethernet interfaces. The wiring diagram is shown below:

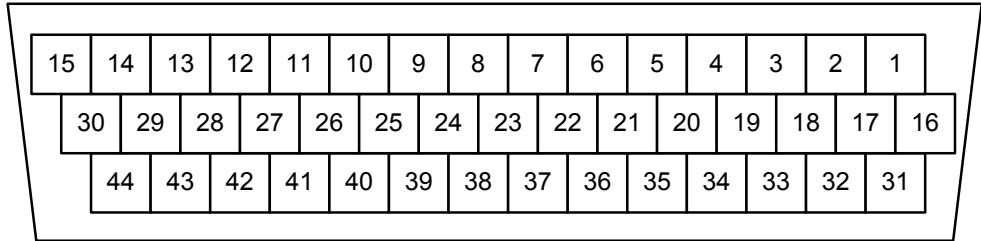


1.3 CN1 terminal definition

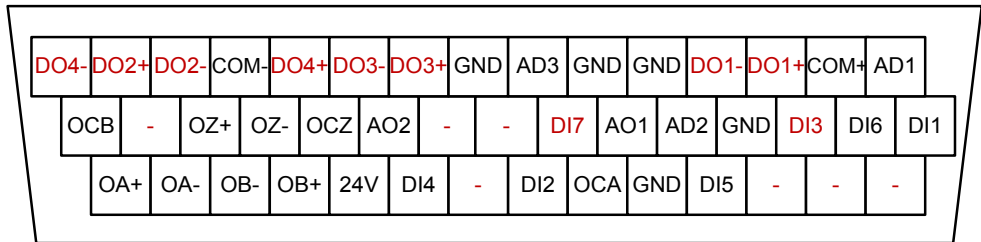
The IO of the DA200 EtherCAT type is different from the standard type. The pin of the medium power range (7.5 kW–22 kW) CN1 terminal (DB44) is defined as follows (red font for the difference to the standard type), the CN1 terminal pin 1 of the small power range (0.1 kW–5.5 kW) of the EtherCAT type is reserved, and other pins are in agreement with the medium power range.

| Pin no. | Symbol | Function name | Pin no. | Symbol | Function name |
|---------|--------|-------------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | AD1 | Analog input 1 | 23 | - | (Reserved) |
| 2 | COM+ | DI input common port | 24 | - | (Reserved) |
| 3 | DO1+ | Digital output 1+ | 25 | AO2 | Analog output 2 |
| 4 | DO1- | Digital output 1- | 26 | OCZ | Open collector output of Z phase |
| 5 | GND | Analog signal ground | 27 | OZ- | Differential output - of Z phase |
| 6 | GND | Analog signal ground | 28 | OZ+ | Differential output + of Z phase |
| 7 | AD3 | Analog input 3 | 29 | - | (Reserved) |
| 8 | GND | Analog signal ground | 30 | OCB | Open collector output of B phase |
| 9 | DO3+ | Digital output 3+ | 31 | - | (Reserved) |
| 10 | DO3- | Digital output 3- | 32 | - | (Reserved) |
| 11 | DO4+ | Digital output 4+ | 33 | - | (Reserved) |
| 12 | COM- | DO output common ground | 34 | DI5 | Digital input 5 |
| 13 | DO2- | Digital output 2- | 35 | GND | Analog signal ground |
| 14 | DO2+ | Digital output 2+ | 36 | OCA | Open collector output of A phase |
| 15 | DO4- | Digital output 4- | 37 | DI2 | Digital input 2 |
| 16 | DI1 | Digital input 1 | 38 | - | (Reserved) |
| 17 | DI6 | Digital input 6 | 39 | DI4 | Digital input 4 |
| 18 | DI3 | Digital input 3 | 40 | +24V | Internal 24V power supply |
| 19 | GND | Analog signal ground | 41 | OB+ | Differential output + of B phase |

| Pin no. | Symbol | Function name | Pin no. | Symbol | Function name |
|---------|--------|-----------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|
| 20 | AD2 | Analog input 2 | 42 | OB- | Differential output - of B phase |
| 21 | AO1 | Analog output 1 | 43 | OA- | Differential output - of A phase |
| 22 | DI7 | Digital input 7 | 44 | OA+ | Differential output + of A phase |



CN1 plug pin layout

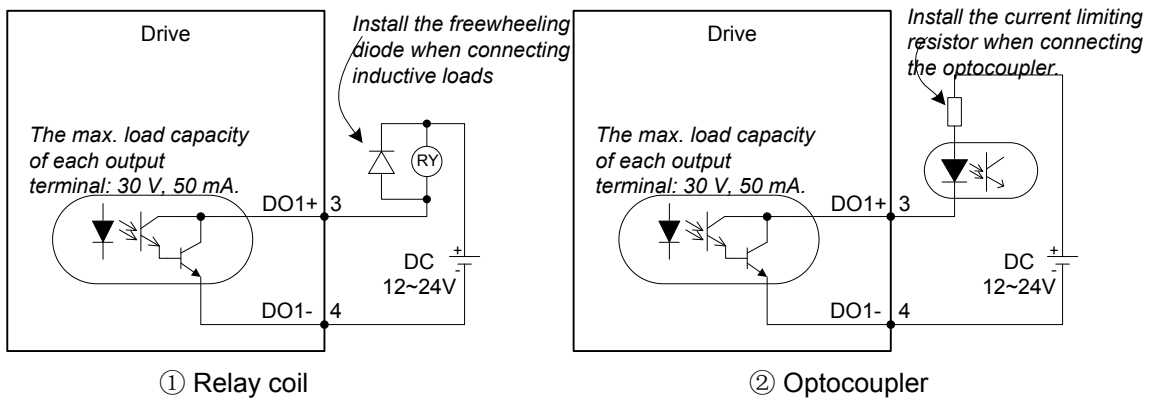


CN1 plug signal layout

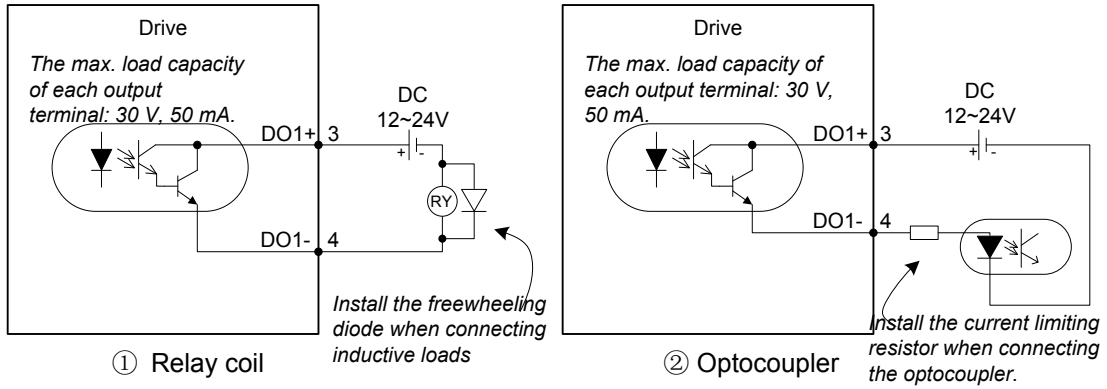
EtherCAT type has 3 analog inputs (AD1 is a 16-bit analog input, however, the small power range does not have this input, so pin 1 of the CN1 is unused), 2 analog outputs, 7 digital inputs, and 4 groups of differential digital outputs. The external wiring of the analog inputs/outputs and digital inputs is similar to the standard type. For details, refer to section 4.5 of the *DA200 Manual*.

The external wiring of the differential digital output is connected as follows, taking DO1 for example:

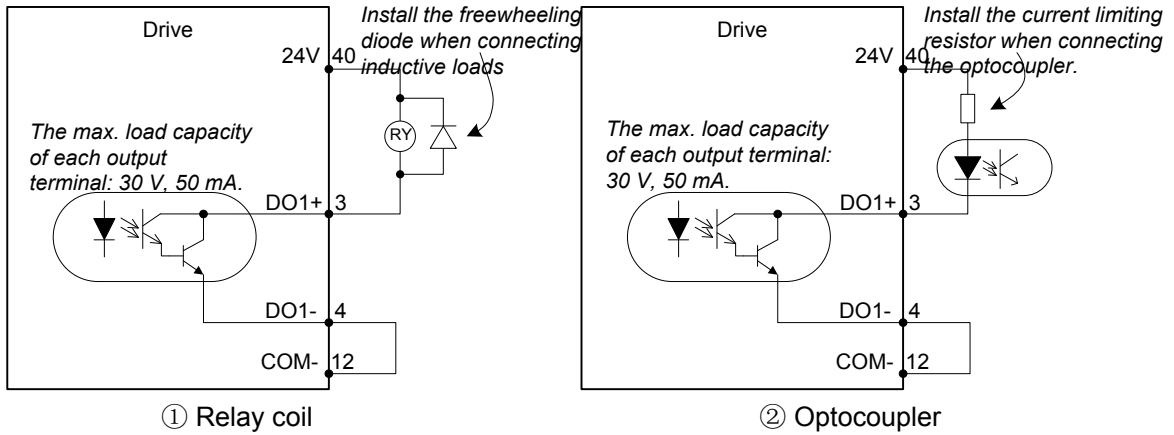
Connection diagram when the power supply is self-provided by user:



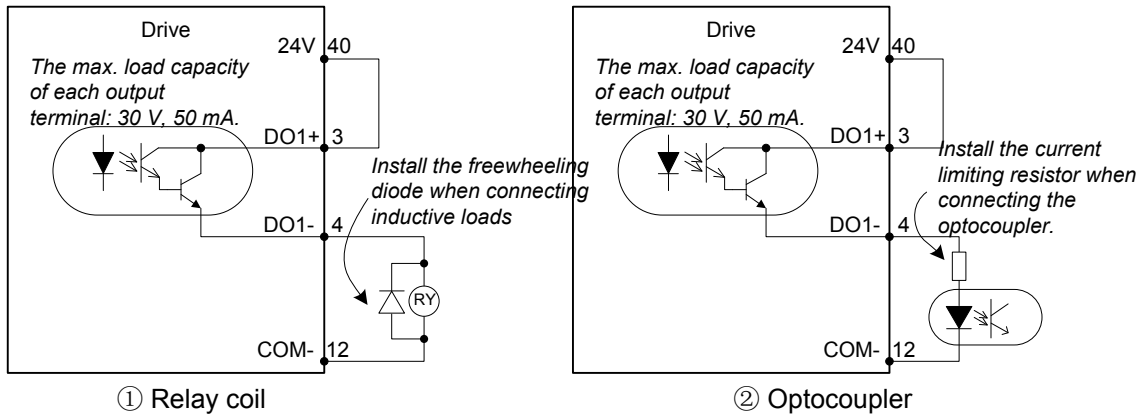
It can also be connected as follows:



Connection method when the local power supply is used:



It can also be connected as follows:



2 Software configuration

2.1 Basic setup of EtherCAT application

It is necessary to configure the following four parameters before conducting EtherCAT application with SV-DA200 servo drive:

1. Set **P0.03 Control mode** to **8 EtherCAT mode** via LED panel or ServoPlover.
2. In most cases, you don't need to set the node number parameter, you can use the default physical node order addressing, such as TwinCAT. If you need to set the node number (such as Omron PLC), you can set the parameter **P4.00 EtherCAT communication node** through LED panel or ServoPlover software. The default value of -1 means no parameter is set.
3. Set **P4.08 EtherCAT synchronization type** via LED panel or ServoPlover (**0**: Free-Run; **2**: DC Sync0);
4. Set **P4.07 EtherCAT synchronization cycle** via LED panel or ServoPlover (**0**: 250 us; **1**: 500 us; **2**: 1 ms; **3**: 2 ms; **4**: 4 ms; **5**: 8 ms);
5. Set **P4.09 EtherCAT fault detection time** via LED panel or ServoPlover (Set the detection time of offline fault or PDO data loss fault as needed);
6. Set **P4.25 EtherCAT control unit type** via LED panel or ServoPlover (**0**: Manufacturer mode; **1**: CIA402 Unit; **2**: CIA402 OMRON);
7. Set **P4.26 EtherCAT PDO input offset** via LED panel or ServoPlover (**0-63**, unit: 125 us);
8. Set **P4.27 Compensation value of EtherCAT position interpolation mode** via LED panel or ServoPlover (**0-10**);
9. The digital value is controlled by the servo (default). If it is controlled by the master station via EtherCAT communication, it is necessary to set P4.28 Digital output control enabling of EtherCAT to 1 (enabled) via LED panel or ServoPlover, or control the digital output through 0x60FE in TPDO.

Note:

1. As the first four configuration parameters are **valid after restarting**, so it is necessary to repower again or reset the drive. The last three parameters are instantly valid.
2. When control mode (0x6040) is set to position interpolation mode (**8**), P4.07 **EtherCAT synchronization cycle** is the same with CNC interpolation cycle.
3. The meaning of P4.25 **EtherCAT control unit type**:
0: Manufacturer mode: support twinCAT NC function of Beckhoff;
 Position unit is pulse, speed unit is rpm, acceleration unit is ms (the time needed for accelerating from zero speed to rated motor speed).
 Support the touch probe of z signal. The capture value of external IO is stored in manufacturer parameters. For details, refer to the following text.
1: CIA402 Unit: support most of motion controllers, such as CodeSys, BaoYuan and ACS EtherCAT master.
 Position unit is pulse, speed unit is pulse/s, and acceleration unit is pulse/s².
 Support the touch probe of z signal and standard touch probe 1 IO capture.
2: CIA402 OMRON: support OMRON NJ controller.
 The content is basically the same as 1. Modify 0x6041 status word feedback parameters to satisfy OMRON NJ requirement on status machine.
4. The default pulse per revolution of DA200 is 10000, which can be modified by **P0.22 Pulse per revolution**

of motor or by modifying P0.25 **Numerator of electronic gear ratio** and P0.26 **Denominator of electronic gear ratio** after setting P0.22 to 0. Please note that the modification of P0.22 will be effective after reset, and the value defined with P0.22 should not exceed the actual resolution rate of the encoder.

5. P4.26 and P4.27 need to be modified only when the master cycle is unstable or packet loss or other problems occurred to communication.

6. P4.26 **EtherCAT PDO input offset** is used to adjust the time from receiving DC signal to processing PDO, thus PDO input time can be in the middle of the master cycle, reducing the data loss caused by the unstable master clock. This parameter needs to be set according to the cycle of P4.07. If P4.07 is 1 ms, then the range of P4.26 is 0-7. 0 means no offset while 7 means 7*125 us offset. The actual set value should be based on actual conditions with the purpose of achieving stable data-receiving.

7. **P4.27 Compensation value of EtherCAT position interpolation mode** is effective only when it is under DC mode and control mode is position interpolation mode (**8**), this is to ensure that position command smoothing effect can be achieved by adding position command forecast function if one or multiple cycle position command are lost, with precondition that P4.26 is set properly. If it is set to non-zero, compensation will be made based on previous position increment when position command loss occurred, and the compensation cycle is equal to the value defined with P4.27.

8. The torque limit parameters in PDO parameter list in EtherCAT xml configuration file of DA200, if any, should be set to non-zero, otherwise the servo torque will be limited to 0, and cause malfunction or alarm. For instance, the unit for **Positive torque limit**, **Negative torque limit** and **Max torque** is 1% of rated torque, when these parameters were set to 1000, it means 100% of rated torque. Torque limit parameters are effective in all control modes.

9. **Max profile velocity** in EtherCAT xml configuration files of DA200, if any, means the maximum speed limit under torque loop, and the unit is related to P4.25. For instance, the unit is rpm if P4.25 is manufacturer unit and puu/s if P4.25 is set to other values. Set this parameter to a non-zero value if torque loop operation is required.

10. Transceiving of PDO can be configured dynamically by the master, however, the max. number of each PDO parameter is 10, exceeds which the slave will be unable to enter op status.

11. The connecting mode of network cables should adopt top-in and bottom-out, otherwise some nodes may be unable to enter op status.

12. This instruction manual applies to versions later than V2.60/XML V1.70. Some functions are excluded in previous versions.

2.2 EtherCAT communication

2.2.1 CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) reference model

The network model of CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE) of DA200 drive is shown below.

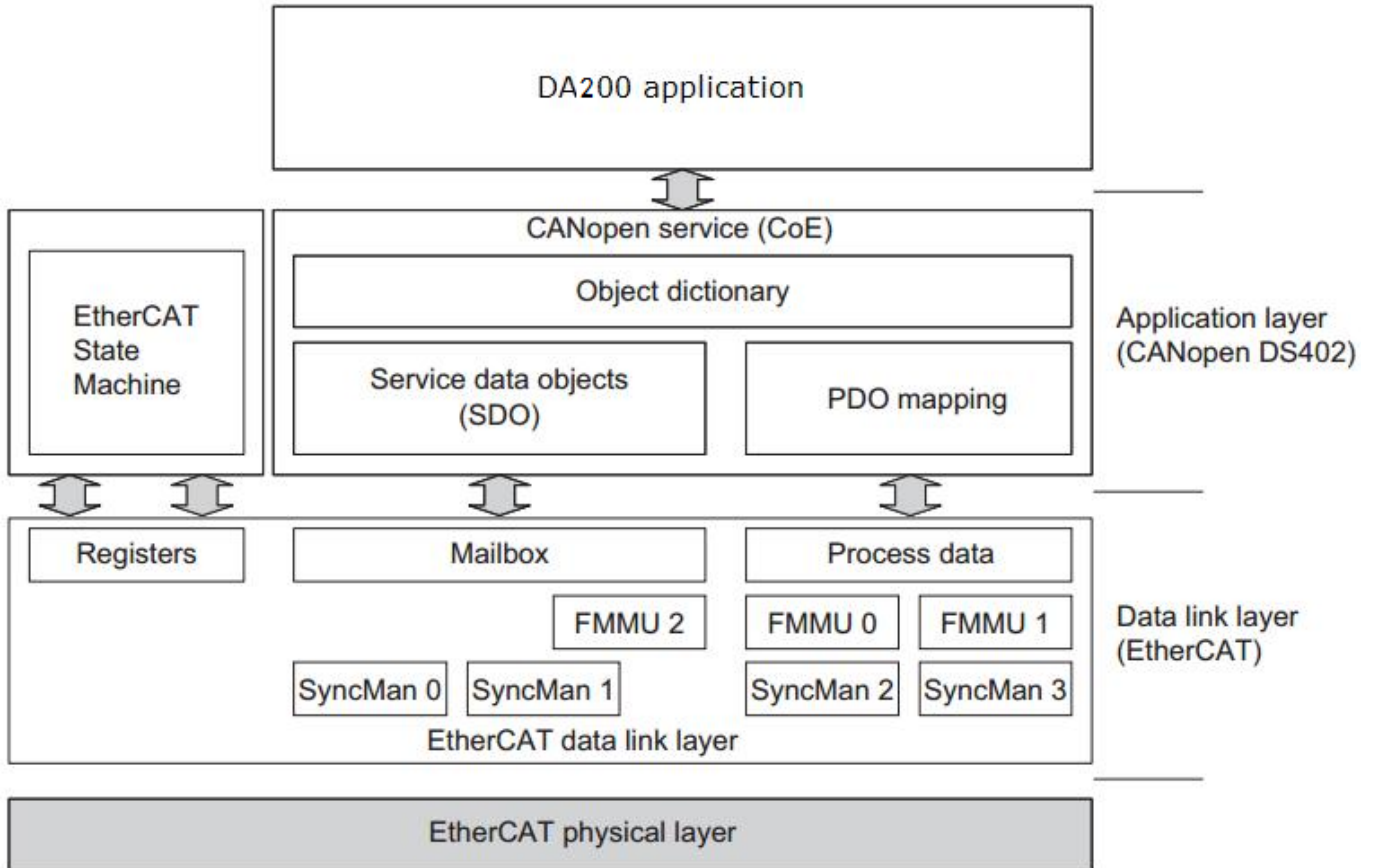


Figure 2-1 CoE reference model

EtherCAT (CoE) network reference model consists of data link layer and application layer. Data link layer is in charge of EtherCAT communication protocol while application layer is embedded with CANopen drive profile (DS402) communication protocol. The object dictionary in CoE contains parameters, application data, and PDO mapping configuration information.

Process data object (PDO) is constituted by objects which can conduct PDO mapping in object dictionary. The content in PDO data is defined by PDO mapping. The R/W of PDO data is cyclic, thus removing the need to look up the object dictionary while service data object (SDO) is acyclic communication, and requires a look-up in object dictionary during R/W.

Note: It is necessary to configure FMMU and Sync Manager to ensure SDO and PDO data can be properly analyzed in EtherCAT data link layer, as shown in the table below:

| Sync Manager | Assignment(Fixed) | Size | Start Address(Fixed) |
|----------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Sync Manager 0 | Assigned to Receive Mailbox | 40–512 byte | 0x1000 |
| Sync Manager 1 | Assigned to Transmit Mailbox | 40–512 byte | 0x1200 |
| Sync Manager 2 | Assigned to Receive PDO | 1–28 byte | 0x1400 |
| Sync Manager 3 | Assigned to Transmit PDO | 1–128 byte | 0x1480 |

FMMU setup

| FMMU | Settings |
|--------|---|
| FMMU 0 | Mapped to Receive PDO |
| FMMU 1 | Mapped to Transmit PDO |
| FMMU 2 | Mapped to Fill Status of Transmit Mailbox |

2.2.2 EtherCAT slave information

EtherCAT slave information file (XML file) is used for master reading and building the configuration between the master and slave. XML file contains information required by EtherCAT communication setup. INVT provides "INVT_DA200_CoE.xml" file for DA200 drive.

2.2.3 EtherCAT state machine

EtherCAT state machine is used to describe the state and state change of slave application. The request of state change is usually initiated by the master and responded by the slave. The state transition mode is shown as below:

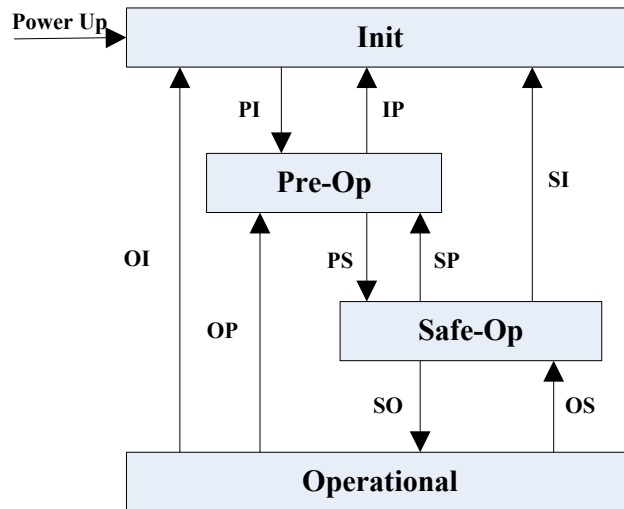


Figure 2-2 Diagram of slave state machine

Table 2-2 State instruction

| State | Description |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Init | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mail communication is unavailable PDO communication is unavailable |
| Init → Pre-Op | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Master configures link layer address and SM channel, and initiates mail communication Master initializes DC clock synchronization Master requests transferring to Pre-Op state Master sets AL control register Slave determines whether mail is initialized normally |
| Pre-Operation (Pre-Op) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mail communication is activated PDO communication is unavailable |
| Pre-Op → Safe-Op | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Master is channel for process data configuration sync manager channel and FMMU Master configures PDO data mapping and Sync manager PDO parameter setup via SOD Master requests Safe-Op state transition Slave checks whether the Sync Manager configuration in charge of PDO data is correct. If the slave sends the request to initiate synchronization, check whether the distributed clock is set correctly |
| Safe-Operation (Safe-Op) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The slave application program will transmit actual input data and no operation will be performed on output Output is set to "safe state" |
| Safe-Op → Op | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Master sends valid output data Master requests transferring to Op state |
| Operational (Op) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mail communication is available PDO communication is available |

2.2.4 Mapping of PDO process data

Process data of EtherCAT slave is constituted by sync manager channel objects, with each object describing the uniform region of EtherCAT process data and containing multiple process data objects. The EtherCAT slave equipped with application control function should support PDO mapping and R/W of SM PDOs Assign objects.

PDO mapping:

PDO mapping designs the mapping relation between the object dictionary to PDOs application object. Index 0x1600 and 0x1A00 in the object dictionary are stored in RxPDO and TxPDO mapping table respectively. Example of PDO mapping is shown below:

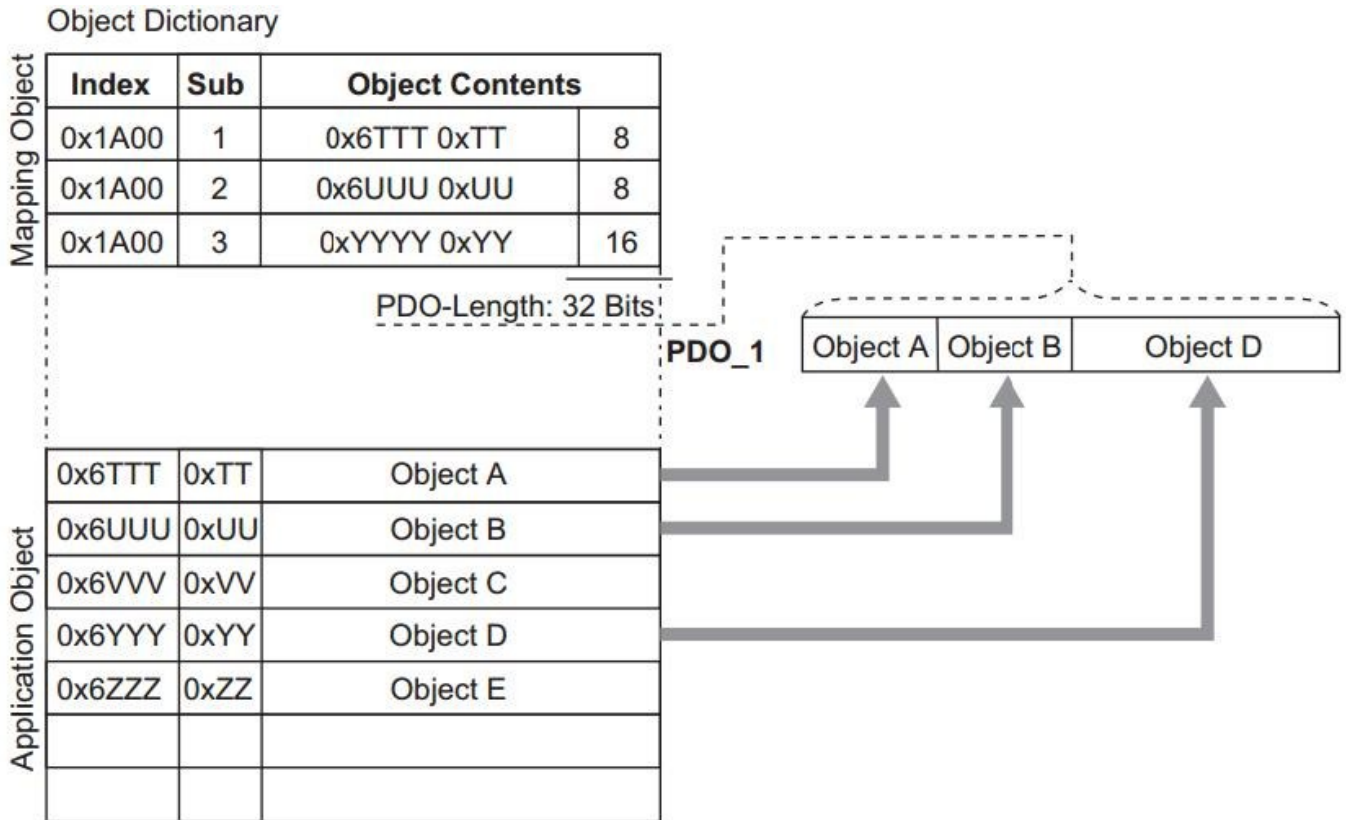


Figure 2-3 Example of PDO mapping

PDO distribution:

In order to realize process data interaction of EtherCAT communication, it is necessary to distribute PDOs to Sync Manager. Sync Manager PDO distributes objects (Sync Manager PDO Assign objects: 0x1C12 and 0x1C13) to establish the relationship between PDOs and Sync Manager.

Example of Sync Manager PDO distribution is shown below:

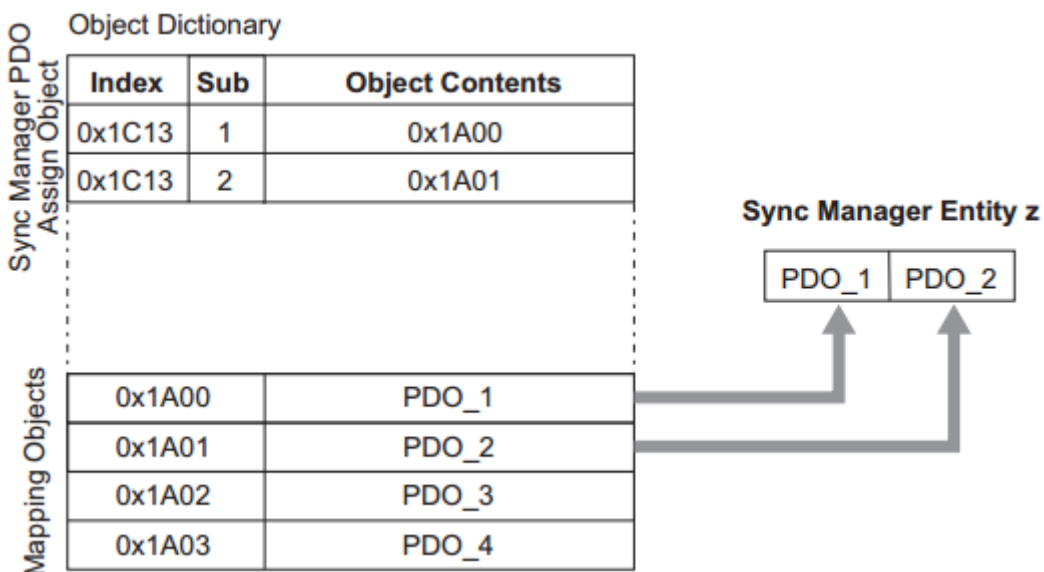


Figure 2-4 Example of PDO distribution

Note:

PDO mapping object (0x1600–0x1603 and 0x1A00–0x1A03) and SM PDO Assign object (0x1C12 and 0x1C13) can only be effective in write operation under Pre-Op state.

Operation steps of PDO mapping:

1. Stop PDO distribution function (Set the sub-index 0 of 0x1C12 and 0x1C13 to 0).
2. Stop PDO mapping function (Set the sub-index 0 of 0x1600–0x1603 and 0x1A00–0x1A03 to 0).
3. Set the mapping entry of PDO mapping object (0x1600–0x1603 and 0x1A00–0x1A03).
4. Set the value of mapping entry of PDO mapping object (0x1600–0x1603 and 0x1A00–0x1A03).
5. Set PDO distribution object (Set sub-index 1 of 0x1C12 and 0x1C13).
6. Re-open PDO distribution function (set sub-index 0 of 0x1C12 and 0x1C13 to 1).

Default PDO mapping (Position, Speed, Torque, Torque limit, and Touch probe):

| RxPDO (0x1600) | Controlword (0x6040) | Target Position (0x607A) | Target Velocity (0x60FF) | Mode of Operation (0x6060) | Touch Probe Function (0x60B8) | Target torque (0x6071) | Touch probe control (0x60B8) | Positive torque limit (0x60E0) | Negative torque limit (0x60E1) | Max profile velocity (0x607F) |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| TxPDO (0x1A00) | Statusword (0x6041) | Position Actual Value (0x6064) | Speed Actual Value (0x606C) | Torque Actual Value (0x6077) | Operation Mode Display (0x6061) | Current Actual Value (0x6078) | Touch Probe Status (0x60B9) | Touch Probe Value (0x60BA) | Digital inputs (0x60FD) | Digital outputs (0x60FE) |

Note: For detailed PDO mapping information, see xml file.

2.2.5 Network synchronization based on distributed clock

Distributed clock can make all EtherCAT devices use the same system time, thus controlling the sync execution of each device task. Among the slave clock connected to the master, EtherCAT network takes the first slave clock equipped with distributed clock function as the reference clock for the whole network, and the remaining slaves and masters take the reference clock as their basis for synchronization.

DA200 EtherCAT communication card adopts the following sync modes, in which sync mode can be switched by configuring sync control register (ESC 0x980 and 0x981).

- Free-Run (ESC*register: 0x980 = 0x0000, P4.08 = 0)

In this mode, the local application program cycle, communication cycle, and master cycle of the servo drive are independent of each other.

- DC mode (ESC register: 0x980 = 0x0300, P4.08 = 2)

In this mode, the local application program is in sync with Sync0 time.

*Note: ESC is the abbreviation of EtherCAT Slave Controller.

| Index | Sub | Name | Access | PDO Mapping | Type | Value |
|--------|--|----------------------|--------|-------------|-------|--|
| 0x1C32 | Sync Manager channel 2 (process data output) Synchronization | | | | | |
| | 1 | Synchronization type | RO | No | UINT | Current status of DC mode 0:Free-run 2:DC Mode(Synchronous with Sync0) |
| | 2 | Cycle time | RO | No | UDINT | Sync0 event cycle[ns](This value is set by master via ESC register) range:12500 * n(n = 2,4,8,16)[ns] |
| 0x1C33 | Sync Manager channel 2 (process data input) Synchronization | | | | | |
| | 3 | Shift time | RO | No | UINT | - |
| | 6 | Calc and copy time | RO | No | UINT | - |

Time sequence diagram of DC mode is shown below:

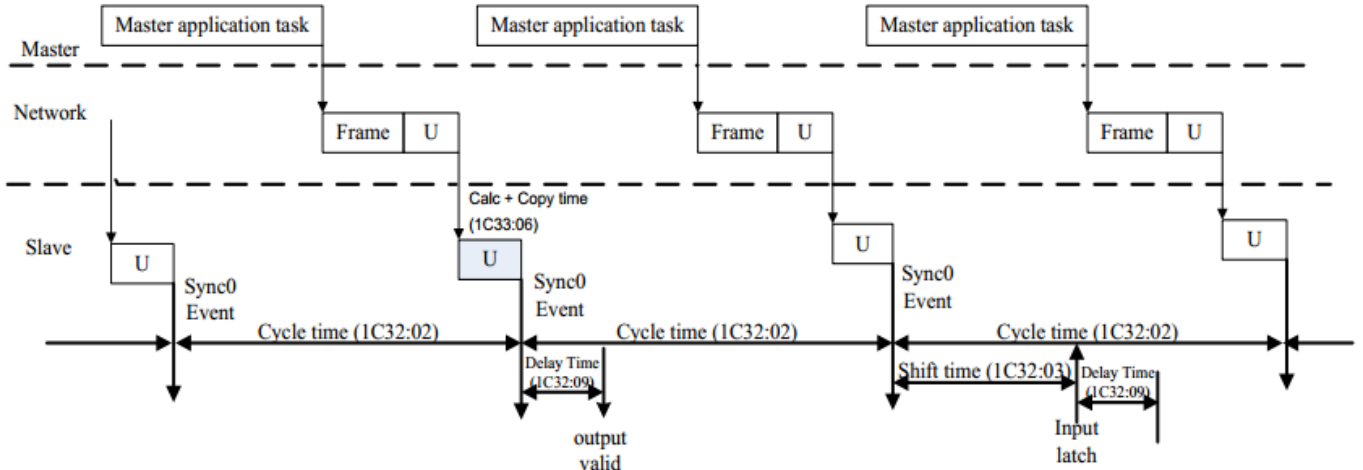


Figure 2-5 Time sequence diagram of DC mode

2.2.6 Emergency Messages

When the drive generates an alarm, CoE will initiate an Emergency message, informing users of the error information of the present drive.

Emergency Object:

| Byte | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|---------|----------------------|---|----------------|------------------|---|-----|---|---|
| Content | Emergency Error Code | | Error register | Panel Error Code | | N/A | | |

2.3 Compatible communication protocol

| | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| EtherCAT communication | Applicable communication standard | IEC 61158 Type12, IEC 61800-7 CiA402 Drive Profile |
| | Physical layer | 100BASE-TX (IEEE802.3) |
| | Bus connection | CN7 (RJ45): EtherCAT Signal IN CN8 (RJ45): EtherCAT Signal OUT |
| | Cable | CAT5 |
| | SyncManager | SM0: output mail, SM1: input valid SM2: output process data, SM3: input process data |
| | FMMU | FMMU0: mapping to process data (RxPDO) output area FMMU1: mapping to process data (RxPDO) output area FMMU2: mapping to mail state |
| | PDO data | Dynamic PDO mapping |
| | Mailbox (CoE) | Emergency, SDO request, response, and SDO information Note: Do not support TxPDO/RxPDO and remote TxPDO/TxPDO |
| | Distributed clock (DC) | Free-run, DC mode (activate via parameters) Supported DC cycle: 250 us–2 ms |
| | Slave Information IF | 256Bytes (read-only) |
| | LED indicator | EtherCAT Link/Activity indicator(L/A) × 2 EtherCAT Status indicator × 1 EtherCAT Error indicator × 1 |
| CiA402 Drive Profile | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Homing mode(6) ● Profile position mode(1) ● Profile velocity mode(3) ● Cyclic synchronous position mode(8) ● Cyclic synchronous speed mode(9) ● Cyclic synchronous torque mode(10) ● Touch probe function |

3 CiA402 device protocol

The master controls DA200 servo drive via Control word (control word, 0x6040), and acquires present drive status by reading Status word (status word, 0x6041). The servo drive achieves motor control function according to master control commands.

3.1 CANopen over EtherCAT(CoE) state machine

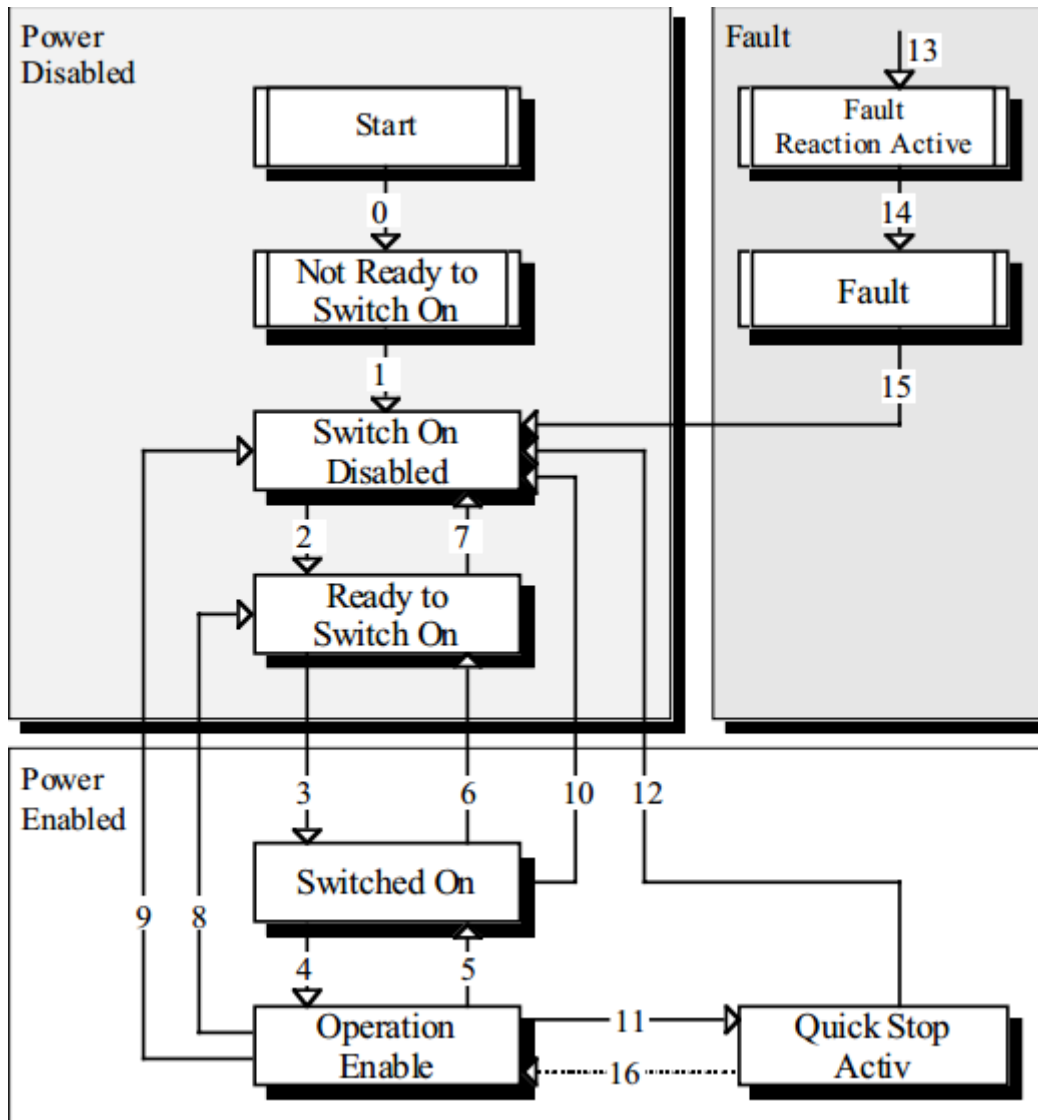


Figure 3-1 CANopen over EtherCAT state machine

| State name | instruction |
|------------------------|--|
| Not Ready to Switch On | The drive is being initialized. |
| Switch On Disabled | The Drive initialization is completed. |
| Ready to Switch On | The drive is waiting to enter Switch On state, and the motor is unexcited. |
| Switched On | The drive is ready, and the main circuit power is normal. |
| Operation Enable | The drive is enabled, and the motor is controlled based on the control mode. |
| Quick Stop Active | The drive stops based on the set mode. |
| Fault Reaction Active | The drive detects an alarm, stops according to the set mode, and the motor still has an excitation signal. |
| Fault | The drive in the fault state, and the motor has no excitation signal. |

3.1.1 Detail of Control word (0x6040)

6040h control word contains the following contents:


1. Bits used for status control.
2. Bits related to the control mode.
3. Control bits defined by the manufacturer.


Introduction to each 6040h bit is shown below:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------|------|-------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|---|---|---|
| 15 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| manufacturer specific | reserved | halt | Fault reset | Operation mode specific | Enable operation | Quick stop | Enable voltage | Switch on | | | |
| O | O | O | M | O | M | M | M | M | | | |
| MSB | | | LSB | | | | | | | | |

Among which: MSB: Most significant bit; LSB: Least significant bit; O: Optional; M; Mandatory.

Bits 0–3 and 7 (bits used for status control);

| Command | Bit of the controlword | | | | | Transitions |
|-------------------|---|------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Fault reset | Enable operation | Quick stop | Enable voltage | Switch on | |
| Shutdown | 0 | X | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2,6,8 |
| Switch on | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3* |
| Switch on | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3** |
| Disable voltage | 0 | X | X | 0 | X | 7,9,10,12 |
| Quick stop | 0 | X | 0 | 1 | X | 7,10,11 |
| Disable operation | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Enable operation | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4,16 |
| Fault reset |  | X | X | X | X | 15 |

Among which: X is irrelevant;  is a rising edge jump.

Bits 4, 5, 6, and 8 (bits related to control mode):

| Bit | Operation mode | | |
|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | Profile position mode | Profile velocity mode | Homing mode |
| 4 | New set-point | reserved | Homing operation start |
| 5 | Change set immediately | reserved | reserved |
| 6 | abs/rel | reserved | reserved |
| 8 | Halt | Halt | Halt |

Bits 9 and 10: Reserved.

Bits 11–15: Defined by the manufacturer.

3.1.2 Detail of Status word (0x6041)

6041h status word contains the following content:

1. Present status bit of the drive.
2. Status bits related to the control mode.
3. Status bits defined by the manufacturer.

Introduction to each 6041h bit is shown below:

| Bit | Description | M / O |
|-----|--------------------|-------|
| 0 | Ready to switch on | M |
| 1 | Switched on | M |
| 2 | Operation enabled | M |
| 3 | Fault | M |
| 4 | Voltage enabled | M |
| 5 | Quick stop | M |

| Bit | Description | M / O |
|---------|-------------------------|-------|
| 6 | Switch on disabled | M |
| 7 | Warning | O |
| 8 | Manufacture specific | O |
| 9 | Remote | M |
| 10 | Target reached | M |
| 11 | Internal limit active | M |
| 12 – 13 | Operation mode specific | O |
| 14 – 15 | Manufacturer specific | O |

Bits 0 – 3, 5, and 6:

| Value (binary) | State |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 | Not ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 | Switch on disabled |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 | Ready to switch on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 | Switched on |
| xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 | Operation enabled |
| xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 | Quick stop active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 | Fault reaction active |
| xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 | Fault |

Among which: X is irrelevant.

Bit 4: Voltage enabled, when this bit is 1, it indicates that main circuit power is normal.

Bit 7: Warning, when this bit is 1, it indicates that the drive generates an alarm.

Bit 8: DC Calibration Status, when this bit is 1, it indicates that the drive clock is synchronized with DC Sync0.

Bit 9: Remote, when this bit is 1, it indicates that the slave is in OP state, and the master can control the drive via PDO remotely.

Bit 10: Target reached, this bit differs in meaning under different control modes. When this bit is 1, in pp mode, it indicates that target position is reached, while in pv mode, it indicates that reference speed is reached; in hm mode, it indicates that homing is completed; if Halt is started, it indicates that the motor speed is 0.

Bit 11: Internal limit active, when this bit is 1, in pp mode, it indicates that position limit is reached, while in pv mode, it indicates that the internal torque exceeds the set value.

Bit 12 and 13: These two bits differ in meaning under different control modes.

| Bit | Operation mode | | |
|-----|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | pp | pv | hm |
| 12 | Set-point Acknowledge | Speed | Homing attained |
| 13 | Following error | Max slippage error | Homing error |

Bit 14: When this bit is 1, it indicates that the motor is in the zero-speed status.

Bit 15: Reserved.

3.2 Profile Position Mode

3.2.1 Basic description

The servo drive (slave) receives the position command sent by upper PC (master) and such command, after being converted through using electric gear ratio, will be taken by the servo drive as the target position for internal position control.

Position command encoder unit = position command user unit x numerator of actual gear ratio / denominator of actual gear ratio.

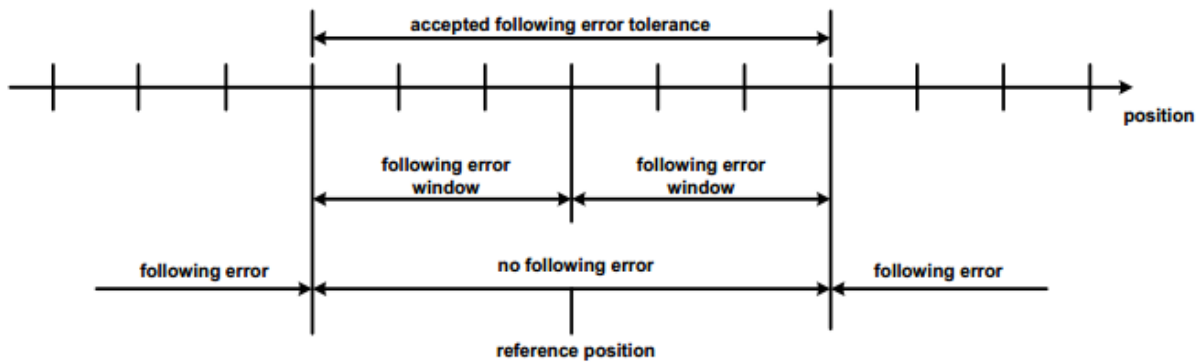
For detailed gear ratio setup, see chapter 2.1.

3.2.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to 1 (Profile position mode).
2. Set 6081h: **Profile velocity** as scheduled speed (the unit is relative to P4.25). The corresponding parameter of the drive is P5.21 (in user unit).
3. Set 6083h: **Profile acceleration** as scheduled speed (the unit is relative to P4.25). Note: Under this mode, both 6083h and 6084h correspond to P5.37 in the drive (in user unit).
4. Set 607Ah: **Target position** as target position (unit: user unit); correspond to P6.01 in the drive.
5. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable the servo drive and trigger the target position to be effective (set to 0x0F to enable, refer to section 4.5 for other bits).
6. Check 6064h: **Position actual value** to acquire the actual motor position feedback.
7. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo drive (following error, set-point acknowledge, target reached, and internal limit active).

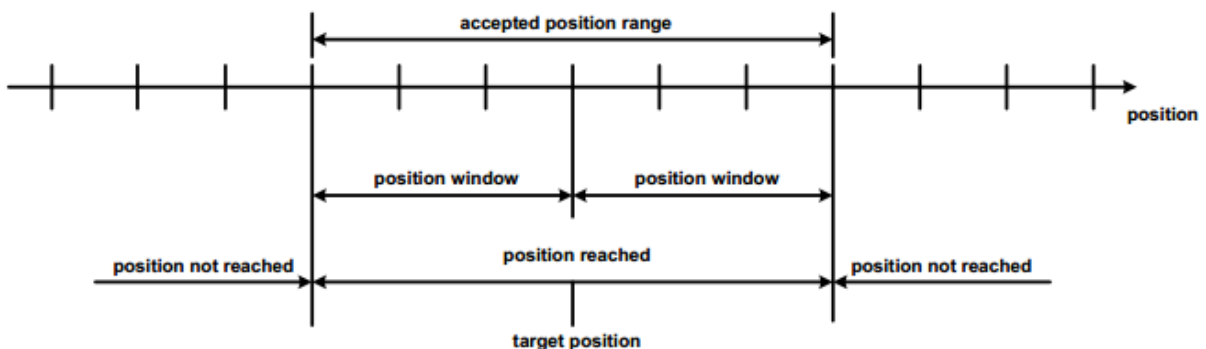
3.2.3 Other objects

1. Check [6064h: Position actual value] to acquire the actual position feedback of the motor (unit: user unit).
2. Check [6063h: Position actual value*] to acquire the actual position feedback increment of the motor (unit: user unit).
3. Set [6065h: Following error window] to modify position out-of-tolerance range (unit: user unit).
4. Check [60F4h: Following error actual value] to acquire the actual motor position deviation (unit: user unit).



Reference position

5. Set [6065h: Following error window] to modify the positioning completion range (unit: user unit).



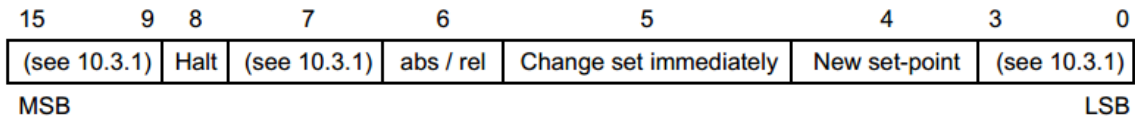
Position reached

3.2.4 Mode-related objects list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|------------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 6063h | Position actual value* | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 6064h | Position actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 6065h | Following error window | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6067h | Position window | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 607Ah | Target position | INTEGER32 | RW |
| 6081h | Profile velocity | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6083h | Profile acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6093h | Position factor | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 60F4h | Following error actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |

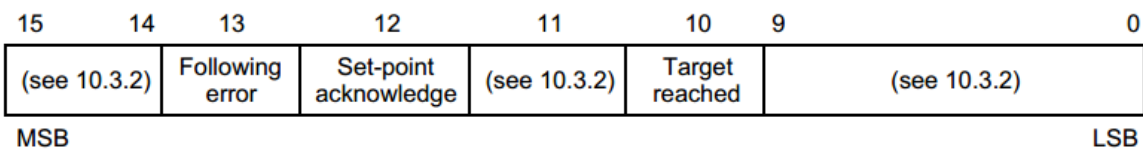
Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiADS402.

3.2.5 Control word (0x6040) of profile position mode



| Name | Value | Description |
|------------------------|-------|---|
| New set-point | 0 | Does not assume <i>target position</i> |
| | 1 | Assume <i>target position</i> |
| Change set immediately | 0 | Finish the actual positioning and then start the next positioning |
| | 1 | Interrupt the actual positioning and start the next positioning |
| abs / rel | 0 | <i>Target position</i> is an absolute value |
| | 1 | <i>Target position</i> is a relative value |
| Halt | 0 | Execute positioning |
| | 1 | Stop axle with <i>profile deceleration</i> (if not supported with <i>profile acceleration</i>) |

3.2.6 Status word (0x6041) of profile position mode



| Name | Value | Description |
|-----------------------|-------|---|
| Target reached | 0 | Halt = 0: <i>Target position</i> not reached Halt = 1: Axle decelerates |
| | 1 | Halt = 0: <i>Target position</i> reached Halt = 1: Velocity of axle is 0 |
| Set-point acknowledge | 0 | Trajectory generator has not assumed the positioning values (yet) |
| | 1 | Trajectory generator has assumed the positioning values |
| Following error | 0 | No following error |
| | 1 | Following error |

3.2.7 Application examples

1. Set 6060h to 1, and choose Profile Position Mode.
2. Set 6040h to enable the drive and trigger the position command to be effective.
 - a. Single set-point:

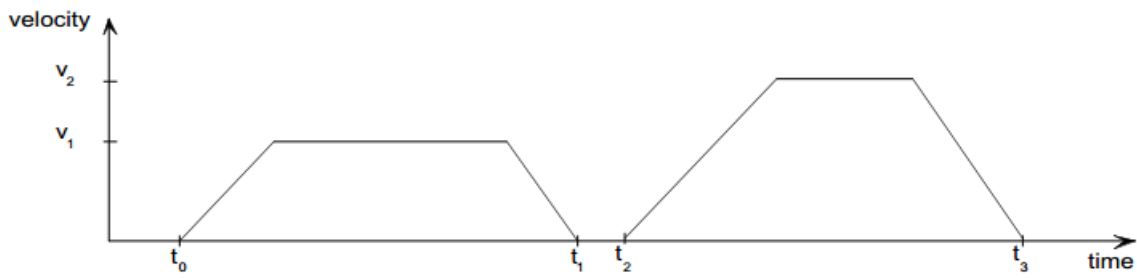


Diagram of single set-point

The following steps are necessary if the target position transmitted is in the increment mode:

- (1) Set 6040h to 0x4F (in which bit 6 is to set increment mode, bit 3–bit 0 is to enable the drive).
- (2) Set 607Ah as the target position command.
- (3) Set 6040h to 0x5F, and trigger the position command to be effective (in which 0->1 jump edge of bit 4 is to trigger target position command to be effective);
- (4) The drive sets 6041h.bit12 to 1 after receiving 6040h.bit4 = 1, and then the master clears the bit 4 of 6040h to be ready for sending a next target position command.

The following steps are necessary if the target position transmitted is in the absolute mode:

- (1) Set 6040h to 0x0F.
- (2) Set 607Ah as the target position command.
- (3) Set 6040h to 0x1F, and trigger the position command to be effective.
- (4) The drive sets 6041h.bit12 to 1 after receiving 6040h.bit4 = 1, and the master clears bit 4 of 6040h to be ready for sending a next target position command.

- b. Change set immediately mode:

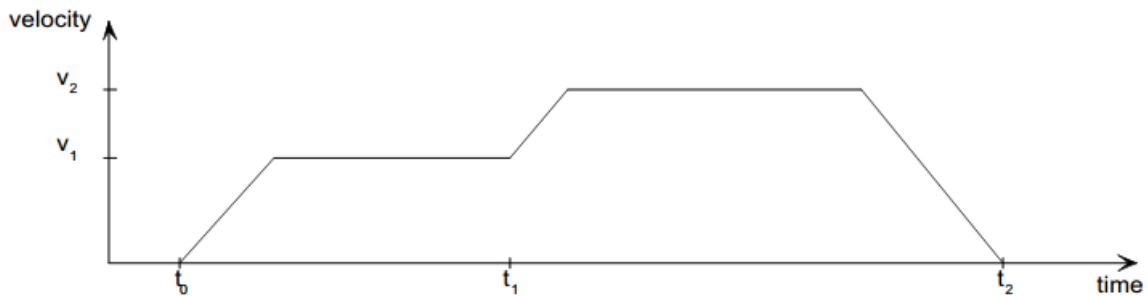


Diagram of change set immediately

The following steps are necessary if the target position transmitted is in the increment mode:

- (1) Set 6040h to 0x6F (in which bit 6 is for setting the increment mode, bit 5 is for setting the immediate effective mode, and bit 3–bit 0 is for enabling the drive).
- (2) Set 607Ah as the target position command.
- (3) Set 6040h to 0x7F, and trigger the position command to be effective (in which 0->1 jump edge of bit 4 is for triggering the target position command to be effective)
- (4) The drive sets 6041h.bit12 to 1 after receiving 6040h.bit4 = 1, and then the master clears bit 4 of 6040h to be ready for sending a next target position command.

The following steps are necessary if the target position transmitted is in the absolute mode:

- (1) Set 6040h to 0x2F (set immediate-effective by bit 5, and enable the drive by bit3–bit0).
- (2) Set 607Ah as the target position command;

(3) Set 6040h to 0x3F, and trigger the position command to be effective.

(4) The drive sets 6041h.bit12 to 1 after receiving 6040h.bit4 = 1, and then the master clears bit 4 of 6040h to be ready for sending a next target position command.

3: Repeat step 2 if multiple targets need to be transmitted.

Note: SV-DA200 supports 8-level target position buffering.

c. PTP stop

There are two stop modes during PTP operation.

(1) Stop through quickstop bit of the control word, that is, the control word sends 0Xb, then the servo is switched from emergency stop to zero speed clamp.

(2) Stop through halt bit of the control word, and this mode is related to 402 parameter 0x605D.

When 0x605D stop mode is -1, direct stop enabling is kept.

When 0x605D stop mode is -1, the control word sends 0x10F, the servo stops at the current position, and keeps enabling.

When 0x605D stop mode is 0, the control mode sends 0x10F, and the servo coasts to stop.

If the servo needs to continue to run, it is required to retrigger the PTP.

3.3 Cyclic synchronous position mode

3.3.1 Basic description

The theory of cyclic synchronous position mode is similar to that of position interpolation mode. Interpolation of the position command is achieved by the master while the master also offers additional speed feedforward commands and torque feedforward commands.

Interpolation cycle defines the update interval of the target position. Under this mode, the interpolation cycle is the same with EtherCAT synchronization cycle.

3.3.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to 8 (Cyclic synchronous position mode);
2. Set P4.07: **EtherCAT sync cycle** to the same position interpolation cycle with that of the master and **re-power on**.
3. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable the servo drive (set to 0x0F to enable, refer to section 4.5 for other bits).
4. Set 607Ah: **Target position** as target position (unit: user unit); the corresponding parameter of the drive is P4.12.
5. Check 6064h: **Position actual value** to acquire the actual motor position feedback.
6. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo drive (following error, target reached, and internal limit active).

3.3.3 Mode-related object list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 6064h | Position actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 6065h | Following error window | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6067h | Position window | UNSIGNED32 | RW |

| | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|------------|----|
| 6093h | Position factor | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 60F4h | Following error actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |

Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiA DS402.

3.3.4 Application examples

1. Set 6060h to **8**, select Cyclic synchronous position mode.
2. Set 6040h to enable the drive, and send **0x0F**.
3. Set 607Ah as the target position (absolute position) gradually to conduct the position control.

3.4 Homing mode

3.4.1 Basic description

Under homing mode, the drive finds the origin position by itself. Users can set the running speed of homing mode.

Note: Under this mode, it is required to connect the limit switch and origin switch signal to digital input terminal CN1 of the drive. If the limit switch signal is connected to the upper PC or PLC, it is necessary to apply the homing process conducted by the upper PC.

3.4.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to **6** (homing mode).
2. Set 6098h: **Homing method**, setting range is 1–35 (refer to DS402 standard for details).
3. Set 607Ch: **Homing offset**, set origin offset, corresponding to P5.14 of the drive.
4. Set 6099h: **Sub-1: Homing speeds**, modify the speed in finding limit switch during homing (the unit is related to P4.25), corresponding to P5.12 of the drive.
5. Set 6099h: **Sub-2: Homing speeds**, modify the speed in finding zero position during homing (the unit is related to P4.25), corresponding to P5.13 of the drive.
6. Set 609Ah: **Homing acceleration**, set the acceleration/deceleration time of homing, corresponding to P5.09 of the drive (the unit is related to P4.25).
7. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable the servo drive, homing operation starts (bit 4) from the change of **0->1** and interrupts homing process from the change of **1->0**.
8. Motor searches for limit switch and home switch to complete homing action.
9. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo drive (Homing error, Homing attained, and Target reached).

3.4.3 Mode-related objects list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 607Ch | Homing offset | INTEGER32 | RW |
| 6098h | Homing method | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6099h | Homing speeds | ARRAY | RW |
| 609Ah | Homing acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |

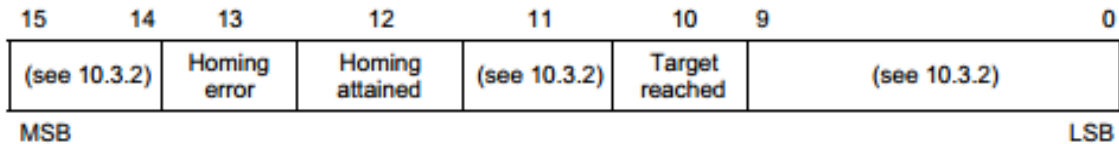
Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiA DS402.

3.4.4 Application examples

The following steps are necessary when homing mode is applied:

1. Set 6060h to **6**, select homing mode.
2. Set 6098h, select the homing mode to be used.
3. Set 6040h to enable the drive and trigger homing action: send **0x0F** first, and then send **0x1F** to trigger homing.
4. Homing will be interrupted if **0x0F** is sent, and the drive will be disabled if **0x0** is sent.
5. Check the completion of homing by bit 12 of 6041h, and check whether a fault occurs during homing by bit 13.

3.4.5 Status word of homing mode



| Name | Value | Description |
|-----------------|-------|---|
| Target reached | 0 | Halt = 0: Home position not reached Halt = 1: Axle decelerates |
| | 1 | Halt = 0: Home position reached Halt = 1: Axle has velocity 0 |
| Homing attained | 0 | Homing mode not yet completed |
| | 1 | Homing mode carried out successfully |
| Homing error | 0 | No homing error |
| | 1 | Homing error occurred; Homing mode carried out not successfully; The error cause is found by reading the error code |

3.4.6 Introduction to homing mode

There are four kinds of signals related to homing mode, they are: positive limit switch (POT), negative limit switch (NOT), reference point switch (Index) and encoder Z signal (C-phase).

Definition of homing mode:

| Homing mode (DS402) | Start direction | Target position | Reference point position | Homing mode (P5.10) | Detailed introduction |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | Negative | NOT | Z pulse | 1 | <p>Use Z pulse and negative limit switch: the drive moves towards negative limit switch at high speed, then returns at low speed and searches for target zero position (the first encoder Z pulse position after leaving NOT) after reaching NOT.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Z signal pulse Negative limit switch (N-OT)</p> |
| 2 | Positive | POT | Z pulse | 0 | <p>Use Z pulse and positive limit switch: the drive moves towards positive limit switch at high speed, then returns at low speed and searches for target zero position (the first</p> |

| Homing mode (DS402) | Start direction | Target position | Reference point position | Homing mode (P5.10) | Detailed introduction |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | | | | <p>encoder Z pulse position after leaving NOT) after reaching POT.</p> <p>Z signal pulse</p> <p>Positive limit switch (P-OT)</p> |
| 3 | Negative | Index | Z pulse | 2 | <p>The initial direction movement of the drive depends on the switch state of the reference point. The target zero position is the first Z pulse position on the left or right side of the Index.</p> <p>Z signal Pulse</p> <p>Index switch</p> |
| 4 | Positive | Index | Z pulse | 12 | |
| 17 | Negative | NOT | NOT | 21 | <p>These four types of homing methods are similar to 1–4 phases except that the target zero position is related to the change of limit switch or Index switch rather than using Z pulse. The figure below is diagram for 19 and 20, which are similar to method 3 and 4.</p> <p>Index Switch</p> |
| 18 | Positive | POT | POT | 20 | |
| 19 | Negative | Index | Index | 22 | |
| 20 | Positive | Index | Index | 22 | |
| 35 | - | Present position | Present position | 8 | Present position is the system zero point. |

3.5 Profile velocity mode

3.5.1 Basic description

Under the profile velocity mode, the drive receives the speed command sent by the master, and conducts speed planning according to the acceleration planning parameters.

3.5.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to **3** (Profile velocity mode).
2. Set 6083h: **Profile acceleration** to modify acceleration curve (the unit is related to P4.25), it corresponds to P0.54 of the drive.
3. Set 6084h: **Profile deceleration** to modify deceleration curve (the unit is related to P4.25), it corresponds to P0.55 of the drive.
4. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable the servo drive and start the motor.
5. Set 60FFh: **Target velocity** to set the target speed (the unit is related to P4.25), it corresponds to P4.13 of the drive.
6. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo drive (Speed zero, Max slippage error, Target reached, and Internal limit active).

3.5.3 Other objects

1. Check 606Ch: **Velocity actual value** to acquire actual speed feedback (the unit is related to P4.25).

3.5.4 Mode-related objects list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 606Ch | Velocity actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 6083h | Profile acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6084h | Profile deceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 60FFh | Target velocity | INTEGER32 | RW |

Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiA DS402 standard.

3.5.5 Application examples

The following steps are necessary when profile velocity is used:

1. Set 6060h to **3**, select Profile velocity mode.
2. Set 6040h to enable the drive. Send **0x0F** to enable or **0x0** to disable.
3. Set 60FFh to modify the target speed command.
4. Set 6083h and 6084h to modify acceleration and deceleration time.

3.6 Cyclic synchronous velocity mode

3.6.1 Basic description

Cyclic synchronous speed mode is basically the same as Profile velocity mode except that the speed command interpolation of the former is completed by the master, and the master can provide additional torque feedforward command.

Interpolation cycle defines update interval of target speed. Under this mode, the interpolation cycle is the same

with EtherCAT sync cycle.

3.6.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to **9** (Cyclic synchronous speed mode).
2. Set 6083h: **Profile acceleration** to modify acceleration curve (the unit is related to P4.25), corresponding to P0.54 of the drive.
3. Set 6084h: **Profile deceleration** to modify deceleration curve (the unit is related to P4.25), corresponding to P0.55 of the drive.
4. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable the servo drive and start the motor.
5. Set 60FFh: **Target speed** to set the target speed (the unit is related to P4.25), corresponding to P4.13 of the drive.
6. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo motor (Speed zero, Max slippage error, Target reached, and Internal limit active).

3.6.3 Other objects

1. Check 606Ch: **Velocity actual value** to acquire actual speed feedback (the unit is related to P4.25).

3.6.4 Mode-related object list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 606Ch | Velocity actual value | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 6083h | Profile acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 6084h | Profile deceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW |
| 60FFh | Target velocity | INTEGER32 | RW |

Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiA DS402 standard.

3.6.5 Application examples

The following procedures are required when profile velocity mode is used:

1. Set 6060h to **9**, select Cyclic synchronous velocity mode.
2. Set 6040h to enable drive, and send **0x0F** to enable or **0x0** to disable.
3. Set 60FFh to modify the target speed command.
4. Set 6083h and 6084h to modify acceleration and deceleration time.

3.7 Cyclic synchronous torque mode

3.7.1 Basic description

Cyclic synchronous torque mode is basically the same as profile torque mode except that the torque command interpolation is completed by the master. The interpolation cycle defines the update interval of target torque. Under this mode, the interpolation cycle is the same as EtherCAT sync cycle.

3.7.2 Operation mode

1. Set 6060h: **Mode of operations** to **10** (Cyclic synchronous torque mode).
2. Set 6040h: **Control word** to enable servo drive and starts the motor.
3. Set 6071h: **Target torque** to set the target torque (unit: 0.1% of rated torque), corresponding to P4.14 of the

drive.

4. Set 607Fh: **Max profile velocity** to set the max speed (the unit is related to P4.25).
5. Set 60E0h: **Positive torque limit** to set the positive torque limit (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
6. Set 60E1h: **Negative torque limit** to set the reverse torque limit (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
7. Set 6072h: **Max torque** to set the max torque limit (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
8. Check 6041h: **Status word** to acquire status feedback of the servo drive (target reached).

3.7.3 Other objects

1. Set 6072h: **Max torque** to modify the maximum torque limit (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
2. Check 6074h: **Torque demand value** to acquire actual internal torque command (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
3. Check 6076h: **Motor rated torque** to acquire rated motor torque (unit: mNm).
4. Check 6077h: **Torque actual value** to acquire actual torque feedback (unit: 0.1% of the rated torque).
5. Check 6078h: **Current actual value** to acquire actual output current (unit: mA).

3.7.4 Mode-related object list

| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|-------|
| 6040h | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6041h | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6060h | Modes of operation | INTEGER8 | RW |
| 6061h | Modes of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO |
| 6071h | Target torque | INTEGER16 | RO |
| 6072h | Max torque | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 6073h | Max current | UNSIGNED16 | RO |
| 6075h | Motor rated current | UNSIGNED32 | RO |
| 6076h | Motor rated torque | UNSIGNED32 | RO |
| 6077h | Torque actual value | INTEGER16 | RO |
| 6078h | Current actual value | INTEGER16 | RO |
| 6079h | DC link circuit voltage | UNSIGNED32 | RO |
| 607Fh | Max profile velocity | UNSIGNED32 | RW |

Note: For detailed description of each object, see CiA DS402 standard.

3.7.5 Application examples

The following steps are necessary when Cyclic synchronous Torque is used:

1. Set 6060h to **10**, and select Cyclic synchronous torque mode.
2. Set 6040h to enable the drive, and send **0x0F** to enable or **0x0** to disable.
3. Set 6071h to modify the target torque command.
4. Set 6087h to modify the torque gradient time.

3.8 Touch probe function

3.8.1 Basic description

Touch probe function is used to latch the position feedback when trigger signal or event occurs. For DA200, only the encoder Z signal (C-phase) and touch probe1 can be used as trigger signals.

When the encoder Z signal is used as a trigger signal, only the rising edge of Z signal can be captured, and the captured result is stored in 60BAh.

Rising edge capture is available when touch probe1 is used and the capture result is stored in 60 BAh. The

result of falling edge is stored in 60BBh.

By default, digital input 1 of CN1 is used as a trigger input port of touch probe1.

It is necessary to set digital input as invalid by upper PC ServoPlorer or by setting P3.00 to 0. The setting will be effective after restart.



3.8.2 Mode-related object list

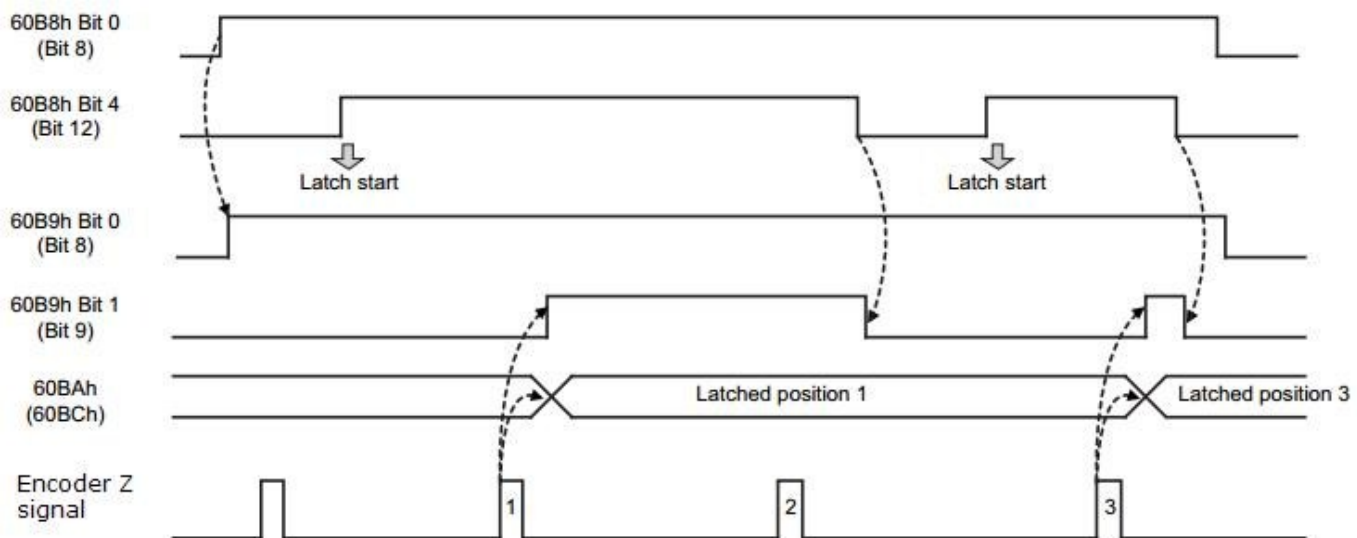
| Index | Name | Type | Attr. |
|-------|--|------------|-------|
| 60B8h | Touch Probe Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 60B9h | Touch Probe Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RW |
| 60BAh | Probe 1 positive edge value(Encoder zero signal) | INTEGER32 | RO |
| 60BBh | Probe 2 positive edge value(Encoder zero signal) | INTEGER32 | RO |

3.8.3 Description of control word & status word

| Bit | 60B8 _h | 60B9 _h |
|-----|---|---|
| 0 | Probe 1 enable | Probe 1 enabled |
| 1 | Probe 1 continuous mode | Probe 1 positive edge value stored |
| 2 | Probe 1 zero pulse | Probe 1 negative edge value stored |
| 3 | - | - |
| 4 | Probe 1 enable latch on positive edge(used also for encode zero signal) | - |
| 5 | Probe 1 enable latch on negative edge | - |
| 6 | - | Probe 1 positive edge value stored(continuous mode only, bit toggles if latch status changed) |
| 7 | - | Probe 1 negative edge value stored(continuous mode only, bit toggles if latch status changed) |
| 8 | Probe 2 enable | Probe 2 enabled |
| 9 | Probe 2 continuous mode | Probe 2 positive edge value stored |
| 10 | Probe 2 zero pulse | Probe 2 negative edge value stored |
| 11 | - | - |
| 12 | Probe 2 enable latch on positive edge(used also for encode zero signal) | - |
| 13 | Probe 2 enable latch on negative edge | - |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 14 | - | Probe 2 positive edge value stored(continuous mode only, bit toggles if latch status changed) |
| 15 | - | Probe 2 negative edge value stored(continuous mode only, bit toggles if latch status changed) |

3.8.4 Application examples (single trigger mode)



4 Object dictionary

4.1 Object specification

4.1.1 Object type

| Object name | Definition |
|-------------|--|
| VAR | Individual variable value such as UNSIGNED8, Boolean, float, INTEGER16, etc. |
| ARRAY | An array of multiple data constituted by basic variables of the same type. Sub-index 0 is UNSIGNED8 type which indicates the number of data in the array. Sub-index is not taken as part of the ARRAY data. |
| RECORD | A structure which is comprised of basic variables of the same or differing type. Sub-index 0 is UNSIGNED8 type which indicates the number of data in the array, and is not taken as part of the RECORD data. |

4.1.2 Date type

See CANopen Standard 301.

4.2 Overview of object group 1000h

| Index | Object Type | Name | Data Type | Access | Mappable |
|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------------|--------|----------|
| CANopen DS301 | | | | | |
| 1000h | VAR | Device type | UNSIGNED32 | RO | N |
| 1001h | VAR | Error register | UNSIGNED8 | RO | Y |
| 1008h | VAR | Manufacturer device name | STRING | RO | N |
| 1009h | VAR | Manufacturer hardware version | STRING | RO | N |
| 100Ah | VAR | Manufacturer software version | STRING | RO | N |
| 1018h | RECORD | Identity Object | IDENTITY | RO | N |
| 1600h–03h | RECORD | Receive PDO mapping | PDOMAPPING | RW | N |
| 1A00h–03h | RECORD | Transmit PDO mapping | PDOMAPPING | RW | N |
| 1C00h | RECORD | Sync manager type | UNSIGNED8 | RW | N |
| 1C12h | ARRAY | Receive PDO assign | UNSIGNED16 | RW | N |
| 1C13h | ARRAY | Transmit PDO assign | UNSIGNED16 | RW | N |
| 1C32h | RECORD | Sync manager output para. | SMPAR | RW | N |
| 1C33h | RECORD | Sync manager input para. | SMPAR | RW | N |

4.3 Overview of object group 6000h

| Index | Object Type | Name | Data Type | Access | Mappable |
|---------------|-------------|---------------------------|------------|--------|----------|
| CANopen DS402 | | | | | |
| 603Fh | VAR | Error code | UNSIGNED16 | RO | Y |
| 6040h | VAR | Control word | UNSIGNED16 | RW | Y |
| 6041h | VAR | Status word | UNSIGNED16 | RO | Y |
| 605Dh | VAR | Halt option code | INTEGER16 | RW | N |
| 6060h | VAR | Mode of operation | INTEGER8 | RW | Y |
| 6061h | VAR | Mode of operation display | INTEGER8 | RO | Y |
| 6063h | VAR | Position actual value* | INTEGER32 | RO | N |
| 6064h | VAR | Position actual value | INTEGER32 | RO | Y |
| 6065h | VAR | Following error window | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |
| 6066h | VAR | Following error time out | UNSIGNED16 | RW | N |
| 606Ch | VAR | Velocity actual value | INTEGER32 | RO | Y |

| Index | Object Type | Name | Data Type | Access | Mappable |
|-------|-------------|------------------------------|------------|--------|----------|
| 6071h | VAR | Target torque | INTEGER16 | RW | Y |
| 6072h | VAR | Max torque | UNSIGNED16 | RW | Y |
| 6073h | VAR | Max current | UNSIGNED16 | RO | N |
| 6075h | VAR | Motor rated current | UNSIGNED32 | RO | N |
| 6076h | VAR | Motor rated torque | UNSIGNED32 | RO | N |
| 6077h | VAR | Torque actual value | INTEGER16 | RO | Y |
| 6079h | VAR | DC link circuit voltage | UNSIGNED32 | RO | N |
| 607Ah | VAR | Target position | INTEGER32 | RW | Y |
| 607Bh | ARRAY | Position range limit | INTEGER32 | RW | N |
| 607Ch | VAR | Home offset | INTEGER32 | RW | N |
| 607Fh | VAR | Max profile velocity | UNSIGNED32 | RW | Y |
| 6081h | VAR | Profile velocity | UNSIGNED32 | RW | Y |
| 6083h | VAR | Profile acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW | Y |
| 6084h | VAR | Profile deceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW | Y |
| 6091h | ARRAY | Gear ratio | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |
| 6093h | ARRAY | Position factor | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |
| 6098h | VAR | Homing method | INTEGER8 | RW | N |
| 6099h | ARRAY | Homing speeds | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |
| 609Ah | VAR | Homing acceleration | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |
| 60B2 | VAR | Torque offset | INTEGER16 | RW | Y |
| 60B8h | VAR | Touch probe control value | UNSIGNED16 | RW | Y |
| 60B9h | VAR | Touch probe status value | UNSIGNED16 | RO | Y |
| 60BAh | VAR | Touch probe latch value | INTEGER32 | RO | Y |
| 60E0h | VAR | Positive Torque Limit | UNSIGNED16 | RW | Y |
| 60E1h | VAR | Negative Torque Limit | UNSIGNED16 | RW | Y |
| 60F4h | VAR | Following error actual value | INTEGER32 | RO | Y |
| 60FDh | VAR | Digital inputs | UNSIGNED32 | RO | Y |
| 60FEh | VAR | Digital outputs | UNSIGNED32 | RW | Y |
| 60FFh | VAR | Target velocity | INTEGER32 | RW | Y |
| 6502h | VAR | Support drive mode | UNSIGNED32 | RO | N |

4.4 Overview of object group 2000h-4000h

0x2000-0x3000 Manufacturer's parameter list (applies to versions later than V2.60/XML V1.70):

| Index | Data Type | Name | Access | Mappable |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|--------|----------|
| SV-DA200 manufacture parameter | | | | |
| 0x2000 | int32 | P0.00 Motor model (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2001 | int16 | P0.01 Encoder type (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2002 | int16 | P0.02 Forward rotation of motor (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2003 | int16 | P0.03 Control mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2004 | int16 | P0.04 Internal servo enabling (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2005 | int16 | P0.05 JOG speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2006 | int32 | P0.06 Numerator of frequency division output coefficient (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2007 | int32 | P0.07 Denominator of frequency division output coefficient (1) | RW | N |

| Index | Data Type | Name | Access | Mappable |
|--------|-----------|--|--------|----------|
| 0x2008 | int16 | P0.08 Reversal of frequency division output (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2009 | int16 | P0.09 Torque limit mode setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x200A | int16 | P0.10 Max. torque limit 1 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x200B | int16 | P0.11 Max. torque limit 2 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x200D | int16 | P0.13 Power of the external braking resistor (1) | RW | N |
| 0x200E | int16 | P0.14 Resistance of the external braking resistor (1) | RW | N |
| 0x200F | int16 | P0.15 Default monitoring parameters (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2010 | int16 | P0.16 Parameter modification operation locked (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2011 | int16 | P0.17 EEPROM write mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2012 | uint16 | P0.18 Factory password (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2014 | int16 | P0.20 Position command selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2016 | int32 | P0.22 Pulse per revolution of motor (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2017 | int16 | P0.23 Pulse input form (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2018 | int16 | P0.24 Reversal of pulse input direction (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2019 | int32 | P0.25 Numerator of 1 st electronic gear ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x201A | int32 | P0.26 Denominator of electronic gear ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x201B | int32 | P0.27 Numerator of 2 nd electronic gear ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x201C | int32 | P0.28 Numerator of 3 rd electronic gear ratio(1) | RW | N |
| 0x201D | int32 | P0.29 Numerator of 4 th electronic gear ratio(1) | RW | N |
| 0x2021 | int16 | P0.33 Smooth filtering of position command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2022 | int16 | P0.34 FIR filtering of position command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2023 | int32 | P0.35 Software limit of forward position control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2024 | int32 | P0.36 Software limit of reverse position control | RW | N |
| 0x2025 | int16 | P0.37 Position command mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2026 | int16 | P0.38 Fully-closed loop enable (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2028 | int16 | P0.40 Speed command selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2029 | int16 | P0.41 Setting of speed command direction (1) | RW | N |
| 0x202A | int32 | P0.42 Gain of analog input 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x202B | int16 | P0.43 Reversal of analog input 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x202D | int16 | P0.45 Dead zone of analog input 1 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x202E | int16 | P0.46 Internal speed 1/Speed limit 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x202F | int16 | P0.47 Internal speed 2/Speed limit 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2030 | int16 | P0.48 Internal speed 3/Speed limit 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2031 | int16 | P0.49 Internal speed 4/Speed limit 4 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2032 | int16 | P0.50 Internal speed 5 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2033 | int16 | P0.51 Internal speed 6 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2034 | int16 | P0.52 Internal speed 7 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2035 | int16 | P0.53 Internal speed 8 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2036 | int32 | P0.54 ACC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2037 | int32 | P0.55 DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2038 | int16 | P0.56 ACC time of S curve (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2039 | int16 | P0.57 DEC time of S curve (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203A | int16 | P0.58 Zero speed clamp mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203B | int16 | P0.59 Speed threshold of zero speed clamp (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203C | int16 | P0.60 Torque command selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203D | int16 | P0.61 Torque command direction setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203E | int32 | P0.62 Gain of analog input 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x203F | int16 | P0.63 Reversal of analog input 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2041 | int16 | P0.65 Dead zone of analog input 2 (0.001) | RW | N |

| Index | Data Type | Name | Access | Mappable |
|--------|-----------|--|--------|----------|
| 0x2042 | int16 | P0.66 Internal torque command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2043 | int16 | P0.67 Speed limit mode setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2044 | int16 | P0.68 RAMP time of torque command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2045 | int16 | P0.69 DEC time of fast stop (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2046 | int16 | P0.70 Absolute encoder mode setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2047 | int16 | P0.71 Absolute encoder multi-turn zeroing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x205A | int16 | P0.90 Max. speed limit of control mode switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x205B | int32 | P0.91 Positioning reference of control mode switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x205C | int16 | P0.92 Exit mode of position mode switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x205D | int16 | P0.93 Exit mode of switching speed to position (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2063 | int16 | P0.99 Speed detection FIR filter level (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2100 | int16 | P1.00 Inertia online automatic estimation (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2101 | int16 | P1.01 1 st inertia ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2102 | int16 | P1.02 2 nd inertia ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2103 | int16 | P1.03 1 st Machine rigidity setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2104 | int32 | P1.04 Inertia offline automatic estimation (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2105 | int16 | P1.05 Operation mode of inertia identification (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2106 | int16 | P1.06 Movable range of inertia Identification (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2107 | int16 | P1.07 ACC time constant of inertia Identification (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2108 | int16 | P1.08 Speed level of inertia identification (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2113 | int16 | P1.19 Valid resonance detection bit (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2114 | int16 | P1.20 Resonance detection mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2115 | int16 | P1.21 1 st mechanical resonance frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2116 | int16 | P1.22 2 nd mechanical resonance frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2117 | int16 | P1.23 1 st notch filter frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2118 | int16 | P1.24 1 st notch filter Q value (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2119 | int16 | P1.25 1 st notch filter depth selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x211A | int16 | P1.26 2 nd notch filter frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x211B | int16 | P1.27 2 nd notch filter Q value (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x211C | int16 | P1.28 2 nd notch filter depth selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x211D | int16 | P1.29 3 rd notch filter frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x211E | int16 | P1.30 3 rd notch filter Q value (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x211F | int16 | P1.31 3 rd notch filter depth selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2120 | int16 | P1.32 4 th notch filter frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2121 | int16 | P1.33 4 th notch filter Q value (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2122 | int16 | P1.34 4 th notch filter depth selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2123 | int16 | P1.35 Vibration control mode of position command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2124 | int16 | P1.36 1 st vibration control frequency (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2125 | int16 | P1.37 1 st vibration control filter factor (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2126 | int16 | P1.38 2 nd vibration control frequency (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2127 | int16 | P1.39 2 nd vibration control filter factor (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2200 | int16 | P2.00 1 st speed gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2201 | int16 | P2.01 1 st speed integration time constant (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2202 | int16 | P2.02 1 st position gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2203 | int16 | P2.03 1 st speed detection filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2204 | int16 | P2.04 1 st torque filter (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2205 | int16 | P2.05 2 nd speed gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2206 | int16 | P2.06 2 nd speed integration time constant (0.1) | RW | N |

| Index | Data Type | Name | Access | Mappable |
|--------|-----------|--|--------|----------|
| 0x2207 | int16 | P2.07 2 nd position gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2208 | int16 | P2.08 2 nd speed detection filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2209 | int16 | P2.09 2 nd torque filter (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x220A | int16 | P2.10 Speed feed-forward gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x220B | int16 | P2.11 Speed feed-forward filter time (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x220C | int16 | P2.12 Torque feed-forward gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x220D | int16 | P2.13 Torque feed-forward filter time (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x220E | int16 | P2.14 1 st IPPI coefficient (1) | RW | N |
| 0x220F | int16 | P2.15 2 nd IPPI coefficient (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2214 | int16 | P2.20 2 nd gain setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2216 | int16 | P2.22 Position control switching mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2217 | int16 | P2.23 Delay time of position control switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2218 | int16 | P2.24 Switching level of position control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2219 | int16 | P2.25 Switching delay of position control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221A | int16 | P2.26 Switching time of position gain (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221B | int16 | P2.27 Switching mode of speed control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221C | int16 | P2.28 Delay time of speed control switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221D | int16 | P2.29 Switching level of speed control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221E | int16 | P2.30 Switching delay of speed control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x221F | int16 | P2.31 Switching mode of torque control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2220 | int16 | P2.32 Delay time of torque control switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2221 | int16 | P2.33 Switching level of torque control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2222 | int16 | P2.34 Switching delay of torque control (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2229 | int16 | P2.41 Disturbance observer valid (1) | RW | N |
| 0x222A | int16 | P2.42 Compensation gain of disturbance observer (1) | RW | N |
| 0x222B | int16 | P2.43 Cut-off frequency of disturbance observer (1) | RW | N |
| 0x222C | int16 | P2.44 Torque command offset (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2232 | int16 | P2.50 Fully-closed loop vibration suppressor valid (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2233 | int16 | P2.51 Fully-closed loop vibration suppressor cut-off frequency (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2234 | int16 | P2.52 Fully-closed loop vibration suppressor compensation gain (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2235 | uint16 | P2.53 Medium-frequency vibration control switch (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2236 | uint16 | P2.54 Medium-frequency vibration control frequency (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2237 | uint16 | P2.55 Fine tuning of medium-frequency vibration control inertia (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2238 | uint16 | P2.56 Medium-frequency vibration control attenuation gain (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2239 | int16 | P2.57 Fine tuning of medium-frequency vibration control filter time parameter 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x223A | int16 | P2.58 Fine tuning of medium-frequency vibration control filter time parameter 2 (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x223C | int16 | P2.60 Speed observer valid (1) | RW | N |
| 0x223D | int16 | P2.61 Speed observer gain (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2246 | int16 | P2.70 Friction compensation max-speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2247 | int16 | P2.71 Positive torque coefficient of friction compensation (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2248 | int16 | P2.72 Negative torque coefficient of friction compensation (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2249 | int16 | P2.73 Friction compensation valid (1) | RW | N |

| Index | Data Type | Name | Access | Mappable |
|--------|-----------|---|--------|----------|
| 0x224A | int16 | P2.74 Automatic mode switch (1) | RW | N |
| 0x224B | int16 | P2.75 Automatic mode gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x224C | int16 | P2.76 Fine tuning of automatic mode inertia (1) | RW | N |
| 0x224D | int16 | P2.77 Filter in disturbance observer of automatic mode 1 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x224E | int16 | P2.78 Filter in disturbance observer of automatic mode 2 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x224F | int16 | P2.79 Phase compensation of automatic mode speed command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2250 | int16 | P2.80 Speed observer gain of automatic mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2251 | int32 | P2.81 Speed command filtering of automatic mode (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2252 | int32 | P2.82 Phase advance correction of automatic mode speed command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2253 | int32 | P2.83 Disturbance compensation torque filtering time of automatic mode (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2254 | int32 | P2.84 Speed feedback input filtering time of automatic mode speed observer (0.01) | RW | N |
| 0x2255 | int16 | P2.85 Torque feedforward selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2300 | uint16 | P3.00 Input configuration of digital 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2301 | uint16 | P3.01 Input configuration of digital 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2302 | uint16 | P3.02 Input configuration of digital 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2303 | uint16 | P3.03 Input configuration of digital 4 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2304 | uint16 | P3.04 Input configuration of digital 5 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2305 | uint16 | P3.05 Input configuration of digital 6 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2306 | uint16 | P3.06 Input configuration of digital 7 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2307 | uint16 | P3.07 Input configuration of digital 8 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2308 | uint16 | P3.08 Input configuration of digital 9 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2309 | uint16 | P3.09 Input configuration of digital 10 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230A | uint16 | P3.10 Output configuration of digital 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230B | uint16 | P3.11 Output configuration of digital 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230C | uint16 | P3.12 Output configuration of digital 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230D | uint16 | P3.13 Output configuration of digital 4 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230E | uint16 | P3.14 Output configuration of digital 5 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x230F | uint16 | P3.15 Output configuration of digital 6 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2310 | uint16 | P3.16 Function configuration of DI capture encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2314 | int32 | P3.20 Offset of analog input 1 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2315 | int16 | P3.21 Filter of analog input 1 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2316 | int32 | P3.22 Voltage protection of analog input 1 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2317 | int32 | P3.23 Offset of analog input 2 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2318 | int16 | P3.24 Filter of analog input 2 (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2319 | int32 | P3.25 Voltage protection of analog input 2 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x231A | int16 | P3.26 Function selection of analog input 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x231B | int16 | P3.27 Function selection of analog input 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x231C | int16 | P3.28 Analog speed compensation gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x231D | int16 | P3.29 Analog torque compensation gain (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x231E | int16 | P3.30 Analog output 1 selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x231F | int32 | P3.31 Voltage gain of analog output 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2320 | int16 | P3.32 Analog output 2 selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2321 | int32 | P3.33 Voltage gain of analog output 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2322 | int32 | P3.34 Offset voltage of analog output 1 (0.001) | RW | N |

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| 0x2323 | int32 | P3.35 Offset voltage of analog output 2 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2324 | int16 | P3.36 Analog output monitor setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2328 | int16 | P3.40 Travel limit switch setting(1) | RW | N |
| 0x2329 | int16 | P3.41 Emergency stop switch shield (1) | RW | N |
| 0x232B | int16 | P3.43 Digital input filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x232C | int16 | P3.44 Command pulse input invalid setting disabled (1) | RW | N |
| 0x232D | int16 | P3.45 Clearing mode of retention pulse (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2332 | int32 | P3.50 Range of position arrival (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2333 | int16 | P3.51 Output mode of position arrival (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2334 | int16 | P3.52 Hold time of position arrival output terminal (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2335 | int16 | P3.53 Speed matching range (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2336 | int16 | P3.54 Speed reaching range (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2337 | int16 | P3.55 Zero speed range (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2338 | int16 | P3.56 Locked time of servo after braking (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2339 | int16 | P3.57 Braking delay of electromagnetic brake (1) | RW | N |
| 0x233A | int16 | P3.58 Motor speed of brake release (1) | RW | N |
| 0x233B | int16 | P3.59 Torque reaching range (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2346 | int16 | P3.70 Analog input 3 function selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2347 | int32 | P3.71 Zero offset of analog input 3 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2348 | int16 | P3.72 Dead zone of analog input 3 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x2349 | int32 | P3.73 Gain of analog input 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x234A | int16 | P3.74 Reversal of analog input 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x234B | int32 | P3.75 Voltage protection of analog input 3 (0.001) | RW | N |
| 0x234C | int16 | P3.76 Analog input 3 filter (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x234D | int16 | P3.77 Deadzone mode of analog input (1) | RW | N |
| 0x235A | int16 | P3.90 Pulse input filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x235B | int16 | P3.91 1 st encoder filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x235C | int16 | P3.92 2 nd encoder filter (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2400 | int16 | P4.00 EtherCAT communication address (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2401 | int16 | P4.01 485 local communication address (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2402 | int16 | P4.02 CAN communication baud rate (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2403 | int16 | P4.03 485 communication baud rate (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2404 | int16 | P4.04 485 communication parity mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2405 | int16 | P4.05 CAN communication node (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2406 | int16 | P4.06 485 communication fault clearing mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2407 | int16 | P4.07 EtherCAT synchronous cycle | RW | N |
| 0x2408 | int16 | P4.08 EtherCAT synchronous type (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2409 | int16 | P4.09 EtherCAT fault detection time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x240A | int16 | P4.10 Upper PC type (1) | RW | N |
| 0x240B | int16 | P4.11 Bus servo enabling (1) | RW | N |
| 0x240C | int32 | P4.12 Bus position command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x240D | int32 | P4.13 Bus speed command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x240E | int16 | P4.14 Bus torque command (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x240F | int16 | P4.15 Switching command of control mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2410 | int16 | P4.16 Gain switching command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2411 | int16 | P4.17 Switching command of electronic gear ratio (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2412 | int16 | P4.18 Inertia ratio switching command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2413 | int16 | P4.19 Zero speed clamp command (1) | RW | N |

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| 0x2414 | int16 | P4.20 Retention pulse clearing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2415 | int16 | P4.21 Torque limit switching command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2416 | int16 | P4.22 External fault command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2417 | int16 | P4.23 Emergency stop command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2418 | int16 | P4.24 Input command of vibration control switching (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2419 | int16 | P4.25 EtherCAT control unit type (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241A | int16 | P4.26 EtherCAT PDO input offset (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241B | int16 | P4.27 Compensation value of EtherCAT position interpolation mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241C | int16 | P4.28 Digital output control enabling of EtherCAT (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241D | int16 | P4.29 Main cycle period of EtherCAT (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241E | int16 | P4.30 Stop mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x241F | int16 | P4.31 Max speed limit (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2420 | int16 | P4.32 Overspeed level (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2421 | int32 | P4.33 Pulse range of position deviation (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2422 | int16 | P4.34 Brake overload detection selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2424 | int16 | P4.36 Undervoltage protection of main power supply (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2425 | int16 | P4.37 Undervoltage detection time of main power supply (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2427 | int16 | P4.39 Speed deviation setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2428 | int16 | P4.40 Forward speed limit (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2429 | int16 | P4.41 Reverse speed limit (1) | RW | N |
| 0x242A | int32 | P4.42 Internal speed of high resolution (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x242D | int16 | P4.45 Temperature protection threshold of medium-power motor (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2432 | int32 | P4.50 Offset of encoder Z phase (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2433 | int16 | P4.51 Switching time 1 of torque limit (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2434 | int16 | P4.52 Switching time 2 of torque limit (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2435 | int16 | P4.53 Current loop response adjustment (0.1) | RW | N |
| 0x2436 | int32 | P4.54 Initialization time after power on (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2437 | int16 | P4.55 Communication baud rate of the encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243A | int16 | P4.58 Z pulse width of frequency-division output (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243B | int32 | P4.59 Z pulse offset of frequency-division output (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243C | int32 | P4.60 Frequency division molecular of external linear encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243D | int32 | P4.61 Frequency division denominator of external linear encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243E | int16 | P4.62 Direction reversal of external linear encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x243F | int16 | P4.63 External linear encoder Z phase break detection disabling (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2440 | int32 | P4.64 Large mixed deviation setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2441 | int16 | P4.65 Mixed deviation clearing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2442 | int16 | P4.66 Z phase of external linear encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2443 | int16 | P4.67 External linear encoder pulse output mode of AB phase (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2444 | int32 | P4.68 External linear encoder (2 nd encoder) resolution (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2445 | int16 | P4.69 Frequency division output source (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2446 | int16 | P4.70 External linear encoder (2 nd encoder) Z | RW | N |

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| | | signal type (1) | | |
| 0x244E | int16 | P4.78 MotionNet node number (1) | RW | N |
| 0x244F | int16 | P4.79 MotionNet baud rate (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2450 | uint16 | P4.80 Configuration of PZD setting parameter 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2451 | uint16 | P4.81 Configuration of PZD setting parameter 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2452 | uint16 | P4.82 Configuration of PZD setting parameter 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2453 | uint16 | P4.83 Configuration of PZD feedback parameter 1 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2454 | uint16 | P4.84 Configuration of PZD feedback parameter 2 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2455 | uint16 | P4.85 Configuration of PZD feedback parameter 3 (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2456 | uint16 | P4.86 PPO type of DP communication (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2457 | int32 | P4.87 CANopen communication cycle (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2458 | int16 | P4.88 CANopen heartbeat cycle (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2459 | int16 | P4.89 Automatic stop at CANopen disconnection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245A | int16 | P4.90 Fault restore (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245B | int16 | P4.91 Parameters saving (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245C | int16 | P4.92 Restore to the factory value (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245D | int16 | P4.93 Reading enable of fault record (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245E | int16 | P4.94 Clearing enable of fault record (1) | RW | N |
| 0x245F | int16 | P4.95 Group number of fault record (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2460 | int16 | P4.96 Initial angle test of the encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2461 | int16 | P4.97 EEPROM operation of absolute encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2462 | int16 | P4.98 EEPROM block of absolute encoder (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2463 | int32 | P4.99 Reserved (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2500 | int16 | P5.00 Program JOG mode selection (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2501 | int32 | P5.01 JOG movement (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2502 | int16 | P5.02 JOG speed setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2503 | int16 | P5.03 JOG ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2504 | int16 | P5.04 JOG waiting time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2505 | int16 | P5.05 JOG cycle times (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2509 | int32 | P5.09 Homing ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250A | int16 | P5.10 Homing mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250B | int16 | P5.11 Automatic homing after power on (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250C | int16 | P5.12 1 st speed setting of high speed homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250D | int16 | P5.13 2 nd speed setting of high speed homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250E | int32 | P5.14 Home setting (1) | RW | N |
| 0x250F | int16 | P5.15 Homing trigger command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2510 | int16 | P5.16 Correlated action of homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2511 | int16 | P5.17 Speed to designated target after homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2512 | int16 | P5.18 ACC/DEC time to designated target after homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2513 | int32 | P5.19 Position to designated target after homing (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2514 | int16 | P5.20 PTP trigger command (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2515 | int16 | P5.21 00 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2516 | int16 | P5.22 01 target speed (1) | RW | N |

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| 0x2517 | int16 | P5.23 02 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2518 | int16 | P5.24 03 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2519 | int16 | P5.25 04 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251A | int16 | P5.26 05 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251B | int16 | P5.27 06 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251C | int16 | P5.28 07 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251D | int16 | P5.29 08 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251E | int16 | P5.30 09 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x251F | int16 | P5.31 10 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2520 | int16 | P5.32 11 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2521 | int16 | P5.33 12 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2522 | int16 | P5.34 13 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2523 | int16 | P5.35 14 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2524 | int16 | P5.36 15 target speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2525 | int16 | P5.37 00 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2526 | int16 | P5.38 01 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2527 | int16 | P5.39 02 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2528 | int16 | P5.40 03 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2529 | int16 | P5.41 04 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252A | int16 | P5.42 05 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252B | int16 | P5.43 06 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252C | int16 | P5.44 07 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252D | int16 | P5.45 08 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252E | int16 | P5.46 09 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x252F | int16 | P5.37 10 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2530 | int16 | P5.48 11 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2531 | int16 | P5.49 12 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2532 | int16 | P5.50 13 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2533 | int16 | P5.51 14 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2534 | int16 | P5.52 15 ACC/DEC time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2535 | uint16 | P5.53 00 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2536 | uint16 | P5.54 01 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2537 | uint16 | P5.55 02 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2538 | uint16 | P5.56 03 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2539 | uint16 | P5.57 04 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253A | uint16 | P5.58 05 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253B | uint16 | P5.59 06 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253C | uint16 | P5.60 07 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253D | uint16 | P5.61 08 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253E | uint16 | P5.62 09 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x253F | uint16 | P5.63 10 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2540 | uint16 | P5.64 11 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2541 | uint16 | P5.65 12 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2542 | uint16 | P5.66 13 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2543 | uint16 | P5.67 14 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2544 | uint16 | P5.68 15 delay time (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2545 | uint16 | P5.69 PTP trigger buffer switch (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2546 | int32 | P5.70 Single-turn resolution of disk (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2547 | uint16 | P5.71 Zero-returning switch of disk (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2548 | uint16 | P5.72 Multi-turn mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2549 | uint16 | P5.73 Digital trigger mode of PTP (1) | RW | N |
| 0x254A | uint16 | P5.74 Digital output mode of PTP (1) | RW | N |

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| 0x254B | uint16 | P5.75 Enable interruption pause of the PTP (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2600 | int16 | P6.00 Forward low JOG speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2601 | int16 | P6.01 Reverse low JOG speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2602 | int16 | P6.02 Position latch function switch (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2603 | int16 | P6.03 Position latch save mode (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2604 | int16 | P6.04 Forward high JOG speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2605 | int16 | P6.05 Reverse high JOG speed (1) | RW | N |
| 0x2606 | int16 | P6.06 Terminal JOG valid (1) | RW | N |
| 0x3000 | int32 | R0.00 Motor speed (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3001 | int32 | R0.01 Speed command (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3002 | int64 | R0.02 Feedback pulse accumulation (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3003 | int64 | R0.03 Command pulse accumulation (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3004 | int32 | R0.04 Retention pulse (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3005 | int32 | R0.05 Hybrid control deviation (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3006 | int32 | R0.06 Current torque (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3007 | int32 | R0.07 DC voltage of main circuit (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3008 | int32 | R0.08 Voltage of control power (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3009 | int32 | R0.09 Output voltage (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x300A | int32 | R0.10 Output current (0.01) | RO | N |
| 0x300B | int32 | R0.11 Drive temperature (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x300C | int32 | R0.12 Torque limit (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x300D | int32 | R0.13 Feedback value of the encoder (1) | RO | Y |
| 0x300E | int32 | R0.14 Rotor position relative to Z pulse (1) | RO | N |
| 0x300F | int16 | R0.15 Inertia ratio of load (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3010 | int32 | R0.16 Output power (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3011 | int32 | R0.17 Motor load ratio (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3012 | int32 | R0.18 Molecule of actual electric gear ratio (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3013 | int32 | R0.19 Denominator of actual electric gear ratio (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3014 | int32 | R0.20 Position command speed (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3015 | int32 | R0.21 Motor speed (filtering) (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3016 | int16 | R0.22 PTP state (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3017 | int32 | R0.23 Absolute position feedback of encoder (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3018 | int16 | R0.24 EEPROM data state of the encoder (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3019 | int16 | R0.25 Turns of multi-circle encoder (1) | RO | Y |
| 0x301A | int16 | R0.26 Available encoder type (1) | RO | N |
| 0x301B | int16 | R0.27 Synchronous correction state of EtherCAT clock (1) | RO | N |
| 0x301C | int16 | R0.28 State of CANopen state machine (1) | RO | N |
| 0x301D | int16 | R0.29 Node no. of PROFIBUS-DP slave station (1) | RO | N |
| 0x301E | int16 | R0.30 System state (1) | RO | N |
| 0x301F | uint16 | R0.31 IGBT state (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3020 | int16 | R0.32 Current mode (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3021 | uint32 | R0.33 Power-on time (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3022 | uint32 | R0.34 Operation time (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3023 | int16 | R0.35 DSP software version (0.01) | RO | N |
| 0x3024 | int16 | R0.36 FPGA software version (0.01) | RO | N |
| 0x3025 | int16 | R0.37 Communication card software version (0.01) | RO | N |
| 0x3026 | int32 | R0.38 Drive serial No.1 (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3027 | int32 | R0.39 Drive serial No.2 (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3028 | int32 | R0.40 Drive serial No.3 (1) | RO | N |

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| 0x3029 | int32 | R0.41 Drive serial No.4 (1) | RO | N |
| 0x302A | int32 | R0.42 Drive serial No.5 (1) | RO | N |
| 0x302B | int32 | R0.43 Drive serial No.6 (1) | RO | N |
| 0x302C | int32 | R0.44 Linear encoder position relative to Z (2 nd encoder) (1) | RO | N |
| 0x302D | int32 | R0.45 Speed feedback of 2 nd encoder (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x302E | int32 | R0.46 Observing speed of speed observer (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x302F | int32 | R0.47 Feedback speed of speed observer (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3030 | int32 | R0.48 Observing disturbance torque via disturbance observer (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3031 | int32 | R0.49 Compensation value of fully-closed vibration suppressor (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3032 | int16 | P0.50 EtherCAT configuration file version no. (0.01) | RO | N |
| 0x3033 | int16 | R0.51 Observe load inertia ratio in real time (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3034 | int32 | R0.52 Position feedback accumulation of linear encoder (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3035 | int32 | R0.53 Gantry synchronization position deviation (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3036 | int32 | R0.54 Linear encoder (2nd encoder) position feedback value (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3037 | int32 | R0.55 Encoder turn number offset after clearing multi-turn position (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3038 | int32 | R0.56 Encoder feedback value offset after clearing multi-turn position (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3039 | int64 | R0.57 Position feedback accumulation of 2 nd encoder (1) | RO | N |
| 0x303A | int32 | R0.58 Position inside the single-turn of the disk (1) | RO | N |
| 0x303C | int32 | R0.60 Temperature of medium-power motor (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3063 | int16 | R0.99 Fault code (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3100 | uint16 | R1.00 Current state of digital input (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3101 | uint16 | R1.01 Current state of digital output (1) | RO | N |
| 0x3102 | int32 | R1.02 Original voltage of analog input 1 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3103 | int32 | R1.03 Original voltage of analog input 2 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3104 | int32 | R1.04 Original voltage of analog input 3 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3105 | int32 | R1.05 Voltage of analog input 1 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3106 | int32 | R1.06 Voltage of analog input 2 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3107 | int32 | R1.07 Voltage of analog input 3 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3108 | int32 | R1.08 Voltage of analog output 1 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x3109 | int32 | R1.09 Voltage of analog output 2 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x310A | int32 | R1.10 Voltage of analog output 3 (0.001) | RO | N |
| 0x310B | int32 | R1.11 Cumulative value of pulse input (1) | RO | N |
| 0x310C | int32 | R1.12 Pulse position command (1) | RO | N |
| 0x310D | int32 | R1.13 Pulse speed command (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x310E | int32 | R1.14 Analog compensation speed (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x310F | int32 | R1.15 Analog compensation torque (0.1) | RO | N |
| 0x3110 | int32 | R1.16 One-loop value of DI capture encoder | RO | N |
| 0x3111 | int32 | R1.17 Cumulative value of DI capture encoder | RO | N |
| 0x3112 | int32 | R1.18 One-loop value of DI capture encoder of 2 nd encoder | RO | N |
| 0x3113 | int32 | R1.19 Cumulative value of DI capture encoder of 2 nd encoder | RO | N |
| 0x3114 | uint32 | R1.20 Display of drive state bit | RO | N |

0x4000 Manufacture's parameter list:

| Index | Object Type | Name | Data Type | Access | Mappable |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|------------|--------|----------|
| SV-DA200 manufacture parameter | | | | | |
| 4000h | VAR | Error code | UNSIGNED16 | RO | Y |
| 4001h | VAR | Driver temperature | INTEGER16 | RO | N |
| 4002h | VAR | Parameter save | INTEGER16 | RW | N |
| 4003h | VAR | Parameter restore | INTEGER16 | RW | N |
| 4020h | VAR | Feedback capture value of the encoder | INTEGER32 | RW | N |
| 4021h | VAR | Turn capture value of multi-circle encoder | INTEGER16 | RW | N |
| 4100h | VAR | Analog output 1 value | INTEGER32 | RW | Y |
| 4101h | VAR | Analog output 2 value | INTEGER32 | RW | Y |
| 4300h | ARRAY | Driver paramets | UNSIGNED32 | RW | N |

4.5 Encoder feedback

300Dh Feedback value of the encoder, corresponding to R0.31.

3019h Turns of multi-circle encoder, corresponding to R0.25.

The above two parameters is changed from SDO-only to PDO-readable (Applying to versions later than V2.60/XML V1.70).

The following two parameters will store the capture value only when P4.25 is set to factory unit.

4020h Feedback capture value of the encoder, it is used to store the encoder position during touch probe1capture.

4021h Turn capture value of multi-circle encoder, it is used to store the encoder multi-turn value during touch probe1 capture.

4.6 Digital output control

The digital value is controlled by the servo (default). If it is controlled by the master station via EtherCAT communication, it is necessary to set P4.28 **Digital output control enabling of EtherCAT** to 1 (enabled), or write 0x60FE Control digital output via SDO or PDO.

The xml digital output control parameters (factory default) are put in the PDO parameter written list. If you need to use the PDO control, 0x60FE is required to be configured in the main station to the PDO written list.

EtherCAT servo is configured with 4 differential outputs. For details about its definition, refer to the preceding DB44 terminal definition table.

Note: To ensure fast response of data transmission, the maximum number of parameters that can be configured by the PDO read/written list is 10, otherwise some communication errors occur. This function only applies to versions later than V1.70.

4.7 Analog output control

EtherCAT servo is configured with two analog outputs, corresponding to EtherCAT parameters 0x4100 and 0x4101.

The analog output is controlled by the servo (default). If it is controlled by the master station via EtherCAT communication, it is necessary to set P3.30 **Analog output 1 selection** to 0 (disabled), P3.32 **Analog output 2 selection** to 0 (enabled), or write 0x60FE **Control digital output** via SDO or PDO.

The xml analog output control parameters (factory default) are not put in the PDO parameter list. If you need to

use the PDO control, 0x4100 and 0x4101 are required to be configured in the main station to the PDO written list.

| 功能码 | 参数名 | 当前值 |
|-------|------------|------|
| P3.30 | 模拟量输出1选择 | 0:无效 |
| P3.32 | 模拟量输出2选择 | 0:无效 |
| P3.31 | 模拟量输出1电压增益 | 10 |
| P3.33 | 模拟量输出2电压增益 | 10 |

The unit of 0x4100 and 0x4101 is related to P3.31 and P3.33.

The EtherCAT reference value divided by the corresponding voltage gain is going to be the actual output voltage.

For example, 0x4100 is set to 1, voltage gain is set to 10, and the output analog voltage is 0.1V.

Note: To ensure fast response of data transmission, the maximum number of parameters that can be configured by the PDO read/written list is 10, otherwise some communication errors occur. This function only applies to versions later than V1.70.

4.8 Driver Parameters

0x4300 drive parameter carries three indices, this object can be used to set and read factory parameters.

Subindex 1 is parameter address, 32-bit unsigned data.

Subindex 2 is parameter value, 32-bit unsigned data.

Subindex 3 is operation result, 32-bit unsigned data.

Read:

- Write subindex 1 to the data address to be read.
- Read subindex 2 and get parameter value.
- Read subindex3 and get the reading result which should be 0.

Set:

- Write subindex 1 to the parameter address to be set.
- Write subindex 2 to the value to be set.
- Read subindex 3 and get the set result which should be 4.

The parameter address has referred to CANopen address of DA200. Take P0.05 (jog speed) as example, the index of CANopen is 0x2005, the subindex is 0, so the address parameter should be 0x200500.

The result of twincat reading is shown as below:

| | | | |
|---------|---------------|----|----------------------|
| 4300:0 | driver params | RO | > 3 < |
| 4300:01 | index | RW | 0x00200500 (2098432) |
| 4300:02 | value | RW | 0x000000C8 (200) |
| 4300:03 | status | RO | 0x00000000 (0) |

4.9 Torque compensation

0x60B2 torque compensation, corresponding to P2.44 torque offset, can be set through PDO and SDO.

It is used to set the compensation value that is added to the variable load of the torque command. It applies to the vertical axis mode, and other control modes other than torque control mode.

The xml analog output control parameters (factory default) are not put in the PDO parameter read list. If you need to use the PDO control, 0x60B2 torque compensation parameter is required to be added in the PDO written list. This function only applies to versions later than driver V2.60/XML V1.70.

5 Fault and diagnosis

5.1 EtherCAT communication interface for obtaining fault codes

1. Obtain fault codes through Emergency of EtherCAT.
2. Access 0x4000 (16-bit) through SDO or PDO to read the current fault code information. The format of fault codes are shown as below.

| Bits | Meaning |
|------|---------------------|
| 15–8 | Master fault codes* |
| 7–4 | Reserved |
| 3–0 | Sub fault codes |

*: For details about master and subcodes, refer to the following table.

3. Access 0x603F (402 standard protocol fault code, 16-bit) through SDO or PDO to read the current fault. For details about the corresponding relation between 0x603F and servo factory code, refer to the following fault code table.

5.2 EtherCAT communication fault codes and remedies

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault causes | Solution |
|------------|--------|--|---|---|
| Er24-8 | 0x8100 | EtherCAT fault-initialization fault | Poor contact of EtherCAT chip | Replace the servo |
| Er24-9 | 0x8100 | EtherCAT fault-EEPROM fault | EtherCAT EEPROM has no data or data reading failed | Download xml file to EtherCAT EEPROM with TwinCAT or other tools; |
| Er24-a | 0x8100 | EtherCAT fault-DC Sync0 signal is abnormal | Set to DC sync operation mode, and DC Sync0 interruption signal is not detected during a period of time. | Check whether data loss occurred due to interference; Check whether EtherCAT master works normally; |
| Er24-b | 0x8100 | EtherCAT fault-offline fault | Network cable is inserted improperly or EtherCAT master operation is abnormal after the drive is enabled. | Check whether network cable is connected properly which should be top-in and bottom-out; Check if there is interference; Check EtherCAT master operates normally. |
| Er24-c | 0x8100 | EtherCAT fault-PDO data loss fault | No PDO data is received after the drive is enabled for a period of time. | Check EtherCAT master operates normally; Check if data loss is caused by interference. |

5.3 SV-DA200 servo faults and fault codes

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|------------|--|---|
| Er01-0 | 0x2320 | IGBT fault | The actual drive output current exceeds the specified value. 1. Drive fault (drive circuit, IGBT fault). 2. Motor cables U, V, W are short circuited; motor cables are grounded or suffer poor contact. 3. Motor burnt down. 4. Phase sequences of motor cables U, V and W are connected reversely. 5. Parameters are inappropriate | 1. Disassemble motor cables and enable the drive, if fault persists, replace the drive. 2. Check whether motor cables and wiring are in good condition. 3. Decrease P0.10 and P0.11 to lower the max. output torque. 4. Adjust the loop parameter to stabilize the system, and reduce the value of P0.12. 5. Prolong ACC/DEC time |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|---|--|--|
| | | | and cause system divergence. 6. ACC/DEC time is too short during start/stop. 7. Momentary load is too big. | properly. 6. Replace with a drive with larger power. 7. Replace the motor. |
| Er01-1 | 0x7110 | Brake tube fault (7.5kW and above models) | Brake unit fault | Replace the drive |
| Er02-0 | 0x7301 | Encoder fault-encoder offline | 1. Encoder is not connected. 2. Encoder plug is loosened. 3. Any one of the encoder signal cables U, V, W, A, B and Z phases is disconnected. 4. Encoder A/B phase reversal occurs. 5. Communication interruption or data abnormal caused by noise. 6. Encoder communication is normal, but communication data is abnormal. 7. The FPGA in charge of communication with encoder reports communication timeout. 8. The drive does not support the encoder type | 1. Properly connect the encoder according to the wiring mode. Check whether encoder plug is removed properly. Replace the encoder cable if the cable is disconnected. 2. Check whether the encoder power voltage is normal. 3. Reduce the interference source of encoder cable to the minimum extent. Route the encoder cables and motor cables separately, and connect the shielded wire of encoder cable to FG. 4. Check whether the available drive encoder type is consistent with the available motor encoder type according to P0.01 If an encoder disconnection fault is reported upon power-on. |
| Er02-1 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-encoder feedback error is too large | | |
| Er02-2 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-odd/even check error | | |
| Er02-3 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-CRC check error | | |
| Er02-4 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-frame error | | |
| Er02-5 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-short frame error | | |
| Er02-6 | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-encoder reports timeout | | |
| Er02-7 | 0x7305 | Encoder fault-FPGA timeout | | |
| Er02-8 | 0x5114 | Encoder fault-encoder battery low voltage alarm | When multi-turn absolute encoder is used, the voltage of external encoder battery should be between 3.0 V–3.2 V. | 1. Check whether the battery connection in the encoder cable is in good condition. 2. Check if the external battery voltage of encoder is less than 3.2 V, if yes, replace the battery. 3. Ensure the drive is powered on during battery replacement; otherwise absolute data of the encoder may be lost. |
| Er02-9 | 0x5115 | Encoder fault-encoder battery undervoltage fault | When multi-turn absolute encoder is used, the voltage of external encoder battery should be between 2.5 V–3.0 V. | 1. Check whether the battery connection in the encoder cable is in good condition. 2. Check if the external battery voltage of encoder is less than 3.0 V, if yes, replace the battery. 3. Ensure the drive is powered on during battery replacement, otherwise absolute data of the encoder may be lost. |
| Er02-a | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-encoder | Feedback temperature of the | 1. Ensure the encoder |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | | overheat | encoder is higher than the set overheat protection value. | overheat protection value is set correctly. 2. Stop the motor, and cool down the encoder. |
| Er02-b | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-encoder EEPROM write error | For the motor equipped with communication encoder, communication transmission error or data check error occurs when the drive updates data to the encoder EEPROM. | 1. Check whether the encoder is wired properly, and reduce the interference source of the encoder communication. 2. If write operation fails constantly, replace the motor. |
| Er02-c | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-no encoder EEPROM data | For the motor equipped with communication encoder, there is no data when reading the encoder EEPROM during power-up. | 1. Select the present motor model via P0.00, and execute the write operation on the encoder EEPROM parameter via P4.97. 2. Mask this fault via P4.98, and perform the initialization accordingly by using the motor parameters in the drive EEPROM. |
| Er02-d | 0x7300 | Encoder fault-encoder EEPROM data check error | For the motor equipped with communication encoder. Data check error occurs when reading the encoder EEPROM during power-up. | 1. Check whether encoder is wired properly and reduce the interference source of the encoder communication. 2. Select the present motor model via P0.00, execute the write operation on the encoder EEPROM parameter via P4.97, and update data in encoder EEPROM. 3. Mask this fault via P4.98, and perform the initialization accordingly by using the motor parameters in the drive EEPROM. |
| Er03-0 | 0x7200 | Current sensor fault-U phase current sensor fault | 1. Current sensor or detection circuit is abnormal. 2. Power is applied when the motor shaft is in the non-static state. | Re-power on when the motor is in the static state. Replace the drive if fault is reported many times. |
| Er03-1 | 0x7200 | Current sensor fault-V phase current sensor fault | | |
| Er03-2 | 0x7200 | Current sensor fault-W phase current sensor fault | | |
| Er04-0 | 0x6100 | System initialization fault | Self-test failed after the system power-on initialization completes. | 1. Re-power on. 2. If the fault occurred many times, replace the drive. |
| Er05-1 | 0x6320 | Setting fault-the motor model does not exist | P0.00 parameter setting is wrong | 1. Check whether the motor model setting is correct. 2. Check whether the motor parameter model matches drive power class. |
| Er05-2 | 0x6320 | Setting fault-the motor model does not match the drive model | | |
| Er05-3 | 0x6320 | Setting fault-software limit setting fault | Software limit value is set improperly. The set value of P0.35 (forward position control software limit) is no more than that of P0.36 (reverse position control software limit). | Reset P0.35 and P0.36. |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|---|--|---|
| Er05-4 | 0x6320 | Setting fault-homing mode setting fault | P5.10 mode setting is wrong | Set P5.10 correctly based on the detailed parameter instructions. |
| Er05-5 | 0x6320 | Setting fault-jogging control travel overflow fault | Single increment of jogging spare travel exceeds ($2^{31}-1$) | Single travel should not exceed ($2^{31}-1$) under the absolute position mode. |
| Er07-0 | 0x7112 | Regenerative discharge overload fault | 1. Brake resistor power is too small. 2. Motor speed is too high or the deceleration is too fast, regenerative energy cannot be fully absorbed in the specified time. 3. Action limit of the external brake resistor is limited to 10% duty ratio. | 1. Change the internal brake resistor to the external brake resistor, and enlarge the power. 2. Modify deceleration time, and lower the regenerative discharge action rate. 3. Reduce motor speed. 4. Improve the capacity of the motor and drive. |
| Er08-0 | 0x7200 | Analog input overvoltage fault-analog input 1 | The voltage inputted to the analog input 1 port exceeds the value defined with P3.22. | 1. Set P3.22, P3.25, and P3.75 properly. 2. Check whether the terminal wiring is in good condition. 3. Set P3.22, P3.25, and P3.75 to 0 to void the protection function. |
| Er08-1 | 0x7200 | Analog input overvoltage fault-analog input 2 | The voltage inputted to the analog input 2 port exceeds the value defined with P3.25. | |
| Er08-2 | 0x7200 | Analog input overvoltage fault-analog input 3 | The voltage inputted to the analog input 3 port exceeds the value defined with P3.75. | |
| Er09-0 | 0x5520 | EEPROM fault-R/W fault | Data in the parameter storage area is damaged when reading data from EEPROM. EEPROM write operation is interfered. | 1. Re-try after power-up again. 2. Replace the drive if the fault occurs constantly. |
| Er09-1 | 0x5530 | EEPROM fault-data check fault | 1. The data read from EEPROM differs from data being written. 2. The drive DSP software version updates. | 1. Reset all the parameters. 2. Replace the drive if the fault occurs constantly. |
| Er10-0 | 0x7400 | Hardware fault -FPGA fault | FPGA chip fault | 1. Repower on. 2. Replace the drive if the fault occurs constantly. |
| Er10-1 | 0x7500 | Hardware fault-communication card fault | The external communication card reports a fault. | 1. Repower on. 2. Replace the communication card if the fault occurs constantly. |
| Er10-2 | 0x2300 | Hardware fault-ground short circuit fault | During the earth test after power-on, one of motor cables V and W is short-circuited to the ground. | 1. Check whether the motor cables are connected correctly. 2. Replace the motor cables or test whether the motor insulation is aging. |
| Er10-3 | 0x5430 | Hardware fault-external input fault | This fault occurs when the digital terminal configured as external fault input function acts. | 1. Remove the external fault input, and enable the fault clearance. 2. Re-power on the drive. |
| Er10-4 | 0x5430 | Hardware fault-emergency stop fault | This fault occurs when E-stop button acts (digital terminal configured as E-stop function). | 1. Remove the E-stop input, and enable the fault clearance. 2. Re-power on the drive. |
| Er10-5 | 0x7500 | Hardware fault-485 communication fault | Strong EMI of 485 communication circuit causes the serial communication alarm of the drive. | 1. Use twisted shielded pairs for 485 communication. 2. Wiring communication cables and motor power |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|--|---|---|
| | | | | cables separately. |
| Er11-0 | 0x6100 | Software fault-reentry of the motor control task | 1. CPU load of DSP software is too high. 2. DSP software is defective. | 1. Reduce some unnecessary software function. 2. Contact the customer service, and update the drive DSP software. |
| Er11-1 | 0x6100 | Software fault-reentry of the cycle task | | |
| Er11-2 | 0x6100 | Software fault-illegal operation | | |
| Er12-0 | 0x6320 | IO fault- repeated assignment of digital input | Two or more digital inputs are configured to the same function. | Reset P3.00–P3.09, and ensure there is no repeated setting. |
| Er12-1 | 0x6320 | IO fault-repeated assignment of analog input | Analog input 3 is configured as speed command when the drive is standard model. | Configure P3.70 (analog input 3 function) to other values. |
| Er12-2 | 0x5430 | IO fault–pulse input frequency is too high | The pulse input frequency detected by the drive is higher than the designated value. 1. External input pulse signal frequency is too high. 2. Internal pulse frequency detection circuit of the drive is damaged. | 1. Reduce the external input pulse signal frequency. 2. Change the drive if a fault generates when the external input signal is normal. |
| Er13-0 | 0x3110 | Main circuit overvoltage fault | The drive detects that the main circuit DC voltage exceeds the specified value. 1. Grid voltage is too high. 2. The brake resistor, brake tube or brake resistor is damaged under brake working condition. 3. DEC time is too short during stop. 4. DC voltage detection current inside the drive is damaged. | 1. Check whether the grid input voltage exceeds the allowed value. 2. Check whether the shorting link of built-in brake resistor is loosened or built-in/external brake resistor is damaged. 3. Increase the set value of DEC time. 4. Monitor whether the parameter R0.07 is normal when the drive is disabled. If it is abnormal and does not match the grid input voltage, replace the drive. |
| Er13-1 | 0x3120 | Main circuit undervoltage fault | The drive detects that the main circuit DC voltage is lower than the specified value. 1. The grid voltage is too low. 2. Power-on buffer relay is not closed. 3. Drive output power is too large. 4. Internal DC voltage detection circuit of the drive is damaged. | 1. Check whether the grid input voltage exceeds the allowed value. 2. Repower on, and check whether there is pull-in noise of the power-on buffer relay. 3. Monitor whether the parameter R0.07 is normal when the drive is disabled. If it is abnormal and does not match the grid input voltage, replace the drive. |
| Er14-0 | 0x5115 | Control power undervoltage fault | The drive detects that control power DC voltage is lower than the specified value. 1. The grid voltage is too low. 2. Internal control power DC voltage detection circuit of the drive is damaged. | 1. Check whether the grid input voltage exceeds the allowed value. 2. Monitor whether the parameter R0.08 is normal when the drive is disabled. If it is abnormal and does not match the grid input voltage, replace the drive. |
| Er17-0 | 0x2230 | Drive overload fault | Short-time load of the drive is | 1. The load is too heavy |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|--|--|---|
| | | | too heavy | which causes the drive overload. 2. Check whether phase dislocation or phase loss occurred to UVW wiring of the motor, and check whether the encoder is correct. 3. Check whether the motor is compatible with the drive. |
| Er18-0 | 0x2230 | Motor overload fault | 1. Long-term overload running. 2. The load is too heavy during the short time. | 1. Replace with the drive and motor of larger power. |
| Er18-1 | 0x2230 | Motor overtemperature fault | Motor temperature exceeds the protection value | 1. Replace with the motor of larger power. 2. Check whether UVW phase sequence is correct. |
| Er19-0 | 0x8400 | Speed fault-overspeed fault | The absolute value of motor speed exceeds the value defined with P4.32. 1. Motor overspeed, U, V, and W phases are connected reversely. 2. Electronic gear ratio or motor speed loop control parameters are set improperly. 3. The value defined with P4.32 is less than that with P4.31 (max. speed limit). 4. The feedback signal of the encoder is interfered. | 1. Check whether the electronic gear ratio parameters are set properly. 2. Check the setting of speed loop control parameters. 3. Check whether the motor cable phase sequence is correct. 4. Check whether the motor encoder is wired properly. 5. Replace with a motor of higher rotating speed. |
| Er19-1 | 0x8400 | Speed fault-forward overspeed fault | The speed feedback exceeds the value defined with P4.40 by more than 20 ms. | 1. Check whether the encoder is normal. 2. Check whether P4.40 parameter is set properly. |
| Er19-2 | 0x8400 | Speed fault-reverse overspeed fault | The speed feedback exceeds the value defined with P4.41 by more than 20 ms. | 1. Check whether the encoder is normal. 2. Check whether P4.41 parameter is set properly. |
| Er19-3 | 0x6320 | Speed fault-overspeed parameter setup is wrong | The value defined with P4.40 is less than 0 or P4.41 is larger than 0. | 1. Check whether the encoder is connected reliably. 2. Check whether P4.40 and P4.41 parameters are set improperly. |
| Er20-0 | 0x8400 | Speed out-of-tolerance fault | In non-torque mode, the deviation between motor speed and speed command exceeds the value defined with P4.39. 1. Motor U, V and W phase are connected reversely or motor cable is not connected. 2. Motor load is too heavy and causes motor stall. 3. The drive force is insufficient and causes motor stall. 4. Speed loop control parameters are set improperly. 5. The value defined with P4.39 is too small. | 1. Check motor cable phase sequence and ensure the wiring is correct. 2. Check whether the transmission belt or chain is too tight, or the workbench reaches edges or encounters obstacles. 3. Check whether the loop control parameters are set properly or the drive has been damaged, or the servo system model is appropriate. 4. Increase the value defined with P4.39. |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|---|---|--|
| | | | | 5. Set P4.39 to 0 to void speed out-of-tolerance fault detection. |
| Er21-0 | 0x8500 | Position overtravel-forward overtravel | Under position mode or fully-closed loop mode, the FWD limit switch is touched or the accumulated feedback pulse exceeds P0.35. | 1.Check whether FWD limit switch signal is correct; 2. Check whether P0.35 is set properly. |
| Er21-1 | 0x8500 | Position overtravel-reverse overtravel | Under position mode or fully-closed loop mode, the REV limit switch is touched or the accumulated feedback pulse exceeds P0.36. | 1.Check whether REV limit switch signal is correct; 2.Check whether P0.36 is set properly. |
| Er22-0 | 0x8611 | Out-of-tolerance fault-position is out of tolerance | 1. Residual pulse value exceeds the value defined with P4.33 due to slow response time. 2. The motor load is too heavy and causes motor stall. 3. Pulse input frequency is too high, which exceeds the highest speed capacity of the motor. 4. Position command input step variation exceeds the value defined with P4.33. | 1. Check whether the transmission belt or chain is too tight, or the workbench reaches the edges or encounters obstacles. 2. Increase the position loop gain parameters or speed feedforward gain, or pulse range of position deviation (P4.33). 3. Modify electric gear ratio. 4. Reduce position command input variation. |
| Er22-1 | 0x8611 | Out-of-tolerance fault-mixed control deviation is too large | In full close loop control, the deviation between feedback position of the grating ruler and that of the encoder exceeds the value defined with P4.64. | 1. Check the connection between the motor and load. 2. Check the connection between the grating ruler and drive. 3. Check the numerator and denominator of the grating ruler (P4.60 and P4.61), and check whether the direction reversal of the grating ruler (P4.62) is set correctly. |
| Er22-2 | 0x8611 | Position gain overflow fault | Position command's single variation after being converted by the electric gear ratio exceeds $2^{31}-1$. | 1. Reduce the single variation of the position. 2. Modify the electric gear ratio to appropriate range. |
| Er23-0 | 0x4210 | Drive overtemperature fault | 1. The ambient environment of the drive exceeds the specified value. 2. The drive overloads. | 1. Lower the ambient temperature of the drive, and improve the ventilation condition. 2. Replace with the servo system of larger power. 3. Prolong ACC/DEC time, and reduce the load. |
| Er24-0 | 0x6320 | PROFIBUS-DP communication fault-PWK ID error | PWK ID error. | Read the manual, and ensure that PWK ID corresponds to the parameter ID. |
| Er24-1 | 0x6320 | PROFIBUS-DP communication fault-PWK exceed the range | The setting of PWK exceeds the max. range allowed by the corresponding parameter. | Read the manual, and ensure the setting of PWK is in the range allowed by the corresponding parameter. |
| Er24-2 | 0x6320 | PROFIBUS-DP communication fault- | PWK parameter performs the write operation on the read-only | Read the manual, and ensure the parameters can |

| Fault code | 0x603F | Fault name | Fault cause | Solution |
|------------|--------|--|--|--|
| | | read-only PWK parameter | parameters. | be read and written. |
| Er24-3 | 0x6320 | PROFIBUS-DP communication fault-PZD parameter does not exist | The selected ID of PZD parameter is not right. | Read the manual, and ensure that PZD ID corresponds to the parameter ID. |
| Er24-4 | 0x6320 | PROFIBUS-DP communication fault-PZD parameter attribute does not match | The PZD parameter is not valid instantly. | Read the manual, and ensure that the PZD parameter attribute is valid instantly |
| Er25-4 | 0xFF00 | Application fault-encoder offset angle test timeout | Abnormity occurs during the encoder offset angle test. | Check whether the motor shaft can rotate freely, and execute again after repower-on. |
| Er25-5 | 0xFF00 | Application fault-encoder offset angle test failed | The current feedback wave fluctuates violently during the encoder offset angle test. | Reduce P4.53 parameter setting, and execute again after repower-on. |
| Er25-6 | 0xFF00 | Application fault-homing beyond limit | Encounter the limit switches or software limit during homing. | Modify P5.10 parameter setting, and execute again after repower-on. |
| Er25-7 | 0xFF00 | Application fault-inertia identification failure | 1. The vibration lasts for more than 3.5 s when the inertia identification motor stops rotating. 2. Actual ACC time is too short. 3. Identification speed is lower than 150 r/min. | 1. Improve the mechanical rigidness properly if vibration occurred when motor stops running. 2. Increase ACC time constant P1.07. 3. Increase movable range P1.06. |

5.3 Give instructions without action

If the PDO mapping has torque limit parameters, such as Max torque, Negative torque limit, and Positive torque limit, the default PDO value is 0, under which situation, the motor will not run after the drive is enabled, unless a torque limit value is defined. The unit of torque limit value is generally 0.1% of rated torque, for instance, if the torque limit value is 3000, it means 300% of rated torque.

6 Reference

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